### SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE DUNCAN, SOUTH CAROLINA

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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To the Board of Trustees of Spartanburg County School District Five Duncan, South Carolina

Independent Auditor's Report

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Spartanburg County School District Five ("the District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Spartanburg County School District Five, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

To the Board of Trustees of Spartanburg County School District Five Page Two

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability, Schedules of the District's Contributions and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund schedules, other schedules required by the South Carolina Department of Education, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund schedules, other schedules required by the South Carolina Department of Education, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund schedules, other schedules required by the South Carolina Department of Education, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Board of Trustees of Spartanburg County School District Five Page Three

#### Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2024, on our consideration of Spartanburg County School District Five's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Spartanburg, South Carolina

Halliday, Schnartz & Co.

November 15, 2024

### Spartanburg County School District Five Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The general operating fund balance increased \$708,023 over last year.
- Due to conservative budgeting and a significant increase in the number of students, the General Fund state revenue received was \$5,883,635 more than budgeted.
- The revenue from local sources had a favorable variance of \$10,812,137. This favorable variance was mainly due to fee-in-lieu of taxes collections being \$8,719,202 more than budgeted.
- The District had a favorable expenditure variance of \$2,536,931. This favorable variance was mainly due to an over-estimate of employee salaries, fringe benefits and budgeted capital outlay.
- A total of \$22,349,100 more than budgeted was transferred to the Capital Projects Fund.
- At June 30, 2024, the available, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$27,809,674 which is 19% of the total budgeted General Fund expenditures, including transfers, for fiscal year 2024-25.
- The District's net position increased by \$32,076,579. Program revenues accounted for \$75,946,123 or 39.2% of total revenues, and general revenues accounted for \$117,629,365 or 60.8%.
- Most of the construction projects approved with the November 2, 2021, referendum are nearing completion, while the renovations to James F. Byrnes High School continues.

#### **Using the Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Spartanburg County School District Five as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in a single column.

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps to answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector corporations. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The change in net position provides the reader a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other nonfinancial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

#### **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

#### Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the District's major funds begins on page 8. The fund financial statements begin on page 14 and <u>provide detailed information about the most significant funds</u>—not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State statute, while many other funds are established by the District to help manage money for particular purposes and compliance with various grant provisions. The District's two types of funds, governmental and fiduciary, use different accounting approaches as further described in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Management of fiduciary funds is an auxiliary function of the District and is not necessarily related to the instructional and/or operational function of the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the Middle Tyger Community Center and First Steps of Spartanburg County and accounts for these activities in an agency fund. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes In Fiduciary Net Position on pages 18 and 19. The District ended it's relationship with First Steps of Spartanburg County in March 2024.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets/deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows of resources by \$91,510,672 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for FYE 2024 and 2023:

	Governme	ental Ad	ctivities
	2024		2023
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 220,985,621	\$	198,372,229
Capital Assets	420,660,842		323,009,055
Total Assets	641,646,463		521,381,284
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	21,772,983		23,060,899
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	32,019,068		37,828,455
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	53,792,051		60,889,354
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	31,370,846		33,047,376
Long-Term Liabilities	524,573,315		448,646,797
Total Liabilities	555,944,161		481,694,173
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	606,421		549,742
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	47,377,260		40,592,630
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	47,983,681		41,142,372
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	195,314,942		193,880,435
Pupil Activities	1,296,585		1,324,518
Debt Service	1,293,986		975,705
Food Service	16,120,759		17,235,904
Unrestricted (deficit)	(122,515,600)		(153,982,469)
Total Net Position	\$ 91,510,672	\$	59,434,093

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2024 and 2023:

#### Governmental Activities

	 2024		2023
Revenues:	_	'	
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 3,581,806	\$	3,844,165
Operating Grants	72,364,317		66,734,629
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	88,913,852		79,439,682
<b>Grants and Entitlements</b>	21,372,765		19,954,687
Other	 7,342,748		5,068,746
Total Revenues	193,575,488		175,041,909
Program Expenses:			
Instruction	90,084,605		84,760,942
Support Services	61,908,702		52,433,740
Community Services	377,039		378,634
Interest and Fiscal Charges	9,128,563		5,934,052
Total Expenses	161,498,909		143,507,368
Change in Net Position	32,076,579		31,534,541
Net Position- Beginning of Year	59,434,093		27,899,552
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 91,510,672	\$	59,434,093

#### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 14) reported a combined fund balance of \$192,628,022, which is more than last year's total of \$167,083,849.

Table 3 below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balances as of June 30, 2024, and 2023.

		Fun	d Bal	ance Comparis	son	
	=	und Balance une 30, 2024	-	und Balance une 30, 2023		Increase (Decrease)
General Special Revenue - Special Projects Special Revenue - Food Service Debt Service Capital Projects	\$	27,821,917 1,296,585 1,293,986 15,959,459 146,256,075	\$	27,113,894 1,324,518 975,705 17,061,500 120,608,232	\$	708,023 (27,933) 318,281 (1,102,041) 25,647,843
Total	\$	192,628,022	\$	167,083,849	\$	25,544,173

As Table 4 below illustrates, the largest portions of General Fund expenditures are for salaries and fringe benefits.

		Ge	neral	Fund Exper	nditu	res By Object	S	
		Fiscal Ye	ar 202	24		Fiscal Ye	ar 2023	
	E	xpenditures		Percent	E	xpenditures	Pei	cent
Salary and Wages	\$	70,818,839		58.0%	\$	62,048,650		58.9%
Fringe Benefits		32,765,871		26.8%		27,334,549		25.9%
Purchased Services		9,746,071		8.0%		8,573,825		8.1%
Supplies and Materials		6,595,760		5.4%		4,895,781		4.6%
Capital Outlay		1,608,382		1.3%		1,787,712		1.7%
Miscellaneous		619,996		0.5%		772,249		0.8%
Total	\$	122,154,919		100.0%	\$	105,412,766		100.0%

The special revenue funds and Education Improvement Act funds are used to account for the proceeds and expenditures that are legally restricted for specified purposes.

#### **General Fund Budget Information**

The General Fund schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance is presented in Schedule 4 on page 55 of the financial statements. This schedule compares budget to actual and indicates the favorable and unfavorable variances.

The general operating fund balance increased \$708,023 over last year.

The revenue from local sources had a favorable variance of \$10,812,137. This favorable variance was mainly due to fee-in-lieu of taxes collections being \$8,719,202 more than budgeted.

The revenue from state sources had a favorable variance of \$5,883,635. This favorable variance was largely a result of an increase state revenue in lieu of taxes.

The District had a favorable variance in expenditures in the amount of \$2,536,931. This favorable variance was mainly due to an over-estimate of employee salary, fringe benefits and equipment expenditures.

The District was also able to transfer \$24,840,400 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to help fund school construction projects.

#### **Capital Assets**

Work on the construction projects approved in the November 2, 2021 referendum continues.

#### Debt

On July 15, 2015, the district issued \$18,200,000 in General Obligation Bonds to help fund the Byrnes High and Lyman Elementary expansions. At fiscal year-end, \$3,965,000 of the General Obligation Bonds were outstanding. On March 29, 2018, the district issued \$5,110,000 of Special Obligation Bonds to help fund the new Reidville Elementary construction. At fiscal year-end, \$2,580,000 of the Special Obligation Bonds were still outstanding. On January 25, 2022, the district issued \$100,000,000 in General Obligation Bonds to fund various construction projects approved by the 2021 bond referendum. At fiscal year-end, \$92,755,000 were still outstanding. On January 26, 2023, the district issued \$100,000,000 in General Obligation Bonds to additionally fund various construction projects approved by the 2021 bond referendum. At fiscal year-end, \$94,300,000 were still outstanding. On January 30, 2024, the district issued \$95,000,000 in General Obligation Bonds to additionally fund various construction projects approved by the 2021 bond referendum. At fiscal year-end, \$95,000,000 were still outstanding.

The net pension liability of the District at fiscal year-end, as required by GASB 68, was \$124,145,082. The net Other Post-employment Benefits Plan (OPEB) liability at fiscal year-end, as required by GASB 75, was \$86,121,164.

#### Factors Expected to have an Effect on Future Operations

The number of students the District serves has been increasing annually for over twenty five years, with the exception of FYE 2011. While the rate of student growth slowed for fiscal years 2010 through 2017 and again in 2021, the district experienced significant growth in fiscal years 2018, 2019, 2020, 2022 and 2023. The district will continue to closely monitor the number of students served.

Table 5 shows the students served, kindergarten through grade 12, for the past twenty-nine years:

**Number of Students Served K-12** 

School	Number of	Number	Percentage
Year	Students	Increased	Increased
95-96	4,615		
96-97	4,801	186	4.0%
97-98	5,005	204	4.2%
98-99	5,195	190	3.8%
99-00	5,351	156	3.0%
00-01	5,487	136	2.5%
01-02	5,755	268	4.9%
02-03	5,858	103	1.8%
03-04	6,060	202	3.4%
04-05	6,291	231	3.8%
05-06	6,540	249	4.0%
06-07	6,806	266	4.1%
07-08	6,975	169	2.5%
08-09	7,336	361	5.2%
09-10	7,428	92	1.3%
10-11	7,321	(107)	-1.4%
11-12	7,397	76	1.0%
12-13	7,538	141	1.9%
13-14	7,692	154	2.0%
14-15	7,819	127	1.7%
15-16	7,838	19	0.2%
16-17	7,879	41	0.5%
17-18	8,241	362	4.6%
18-19	8,533	292	3.5%
19-20	8,816	283	3.3%
20-21	8,837	21	0.2%
21-22	9,511	674	7.6%
22-23	10,066	555	5.8%
23-24	10,333	267	2.7%
28 year i	ncrease	5,718	123.9%

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 135-day Average Daily Membership K-12

In fiscal year 2015-16, the district had an outside firm assist in conducting a facilities and demographics study of the district. In fiscal year 2016-17, the District completed expansion projects at Byrnes High School and Lyman Elementary. The district completed construction on a new Reidville Elementary School to replace the existing school in August 2019. A ten-classroom expansion at Abner Creek Academy was completed in June 2020. An expansion of the parking lot and new baseball field at Byrnes High School was completed in the fall of 2020. Construction of a new softball field was completed in February 2021. In fiscal year 2019-20 the district had the outside firm update the facilities and demographic study. As a result, the District ordered a referendum be held on November 2, 2021 to ask voters permission to issue up to \$295,000,000 in general obligation bonds to be used for constructing a new elementary school, a new middle school, a new elementary school to replace Wellford Academy, renovate and expand Byrnes High School, expand Reidville Elementary, convert Berry Shoals Intermediate to an elementary school, to convert Beech Springs Intermediate to a middle school, and possibly purchase land for future school sites. The voters approved the referendum 84% to 16%. Construction is wrapping up on the referendum projects with the exception of the Byrnes High School renovation which continue for the next two years.

The financial report is designed to provide the School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Chief Financial Officer, PO Box 307, Duncan, South Carolina 29334.

### SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,482,245
Investments	75,113,941
Cash Held by County Treasurer	128,222,489
Taxes Receivable	8,351,612
Less Allowance for Uncollectibles	(2,630,734)
Accounts Receivable	2,094,633
Due from Custodial Funds	148,221
Due from State Department of Education	305,914
Due from Federal Government	3,870,762
Prepaids	12,243
•	14,295
Inventory - Commodities	14,295
Capital Assets	000 404 070
Non-Depreciable	266,421,976
Depreciable, net	154,238,866
Total Assets	641,646,463
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	21,772,983
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	32,019,068
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	53,792,051
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	16,783,590
Retainage Payable	4,783,812
Due to State Department of Education	16,584
Accrued Salaries, Health & Fringe	4,459,693
Unearned Revenue	1,186,461
Accrued Interest Payable	4,140,706
Noncurrent Liabilities	4,140,700
Due Within One Year	11 560 000
	11,560,000
Due in More Than One Year	302,747,069
Net Pension Liability - Due in More Than One Year	124,145,082
Net OPEB Liability - Due in More Than One Year	86,121,164
Total Liabilities	555,944,161
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	606,421
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	47,377,260
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	47,983,681
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	195,314,942
Restricted for:	, ,
Pupil Activities	1,296,585
Food Service	1,293,986
Debt Service	16,120,759
Unrestricted	(122,515,600)
Total Net Position	\$ 91,510,672
. Otto: 110t : Voltavii	Ψ 31,010,072

### SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

				PROGRAM	RE\	/ENUES	RE C	T (EXPENSE) EVENUE AND HANGES IN ET POSITION
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses		Charges for Services	(	Operating Grants and ontributions		Primary Sovernment overnmental Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental Activities: Instruction Support Services Community Services Interest and Other Charges	\$	90,084,605 61,908,702 377,039 9,128,563	\$	40,775 3,541,031 - -	\$	59,336,553 12,812,458 215,306	\$	(30,707,277) (45,555,213) (161,733) (9,128,563)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		161,498,909		3,581,806		72,364,317		(85,552,786)
		Property Taxe General Property Servi Unrestricted Servi Unrestricted In Contributions Miscellaneous Gain on Sale of	s Le urpo ce tate nvest	vied for: se Grants ment Earnings ced Assets				69,565,506 19,348,346 21,372,765 5,638,140 12,072 1,617,582 74,954 117,629,365
	СН	ANGE IN NET	POS	ITION				32,076,579
	NE	T POSITION	JULY	<b>′</b> 1, 2023				59,434,093
	NE	T POSITION	JUNE	E 30, 2024			\$	91,510,672

SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS         Cameral         Special         Improvement         Food         Capital         Capital           Cach and cast Equivalents         5         Fund         Projects         7,135         3         1,165,466         5         1,065,466         3         2,737         371,380         1,165,466         5         1,065,406         3         7,713,81         1,7,113,81					Ś	pecial	Special Revenue Fund	<u>.</u>							
\$ 4,313,850 \$ 1,165,496 \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$ \$ 102 \$			General		Special	шĒ	ducational provement		Food	٠,	Debt Service	_	Capital Projects	ၓ	Total Governmental
\$ 4,313,850 \$ 1,165,496 \$ \$ \$ 102 \$ \$ \$    96,486,653	ASSETS		Fund		Projects		Act		Service		Fund		Fund		Funds
95,486,653 1,589,310 1,589,804 1,1999,804 1,1243 1,11,383,470 1,1296,883 1,12,243 1,1296,885 1,12,243 1,1296,885 1,12,243 1,1296,885 1,12,243 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1296,885 1,1293,986 1,1393,470 1,1383	Cash and Cash Equivalents	↔	4,313,850	s	1,165,496	↔	•	s	102	<del>S</del>	•	<del>⇔</del>	2,797	↔	5,482,245
95	Investments		•		•		•		•		•		75,113,941		75,113,941
Traces (7.689.310 682.302   68	Cash Held by County Treasurer		95,486,653		•		•		•		14,747,902		17,987,934		128,222,489
sition 1,999,804 25 - 94,804 - (370,309)  4,155,978 131,099 315,709 1,199,080 1,066,921  4,155,978 131,099 315,709 1,199,080 1,066,921  S 111,383,470 S 5,473,286 S 315,709 1,199,080 1,066,921  S 16,783,590 \$ 16,584 1,295	Taxes Receivable		7,669,310		•		•		•		682,302		•		8,351,612
## 1599.604  1.599.604  4.155,978  4.155,978  4.155,978  4.155,978  4.155,978  4.155,978  4.155,978  4.155,978  4.156,978  5	Less Allowance for Uncollectibles		(2,254,368)		' t		1		' 50		(376,366)				(2,630,734)
## 11.383.470 \$ 13.00.514	Accounts Receivable		1,999,804		25		•		94,804		•		•		2,094,633
## 15.978	Due from Enderal Congramont		•		303,914		•		•		•		•		2 870 762
# 12,243	Due from Other Eurole		7 155 070		3,070,702		245 700		- 000 007 7		1 000 001		- 27 55 77		3,070,702
## 111,383,470	Due nom Omer runds Prepaids		4,133,976		800,161		913,7616		1,199,000		1,28,000,1		744,000,10		12,424,219
## 11,383,470 \$ 5,473,286 \$ 315,709 \$ 1,308,281 \$ 16,120,759 \$ 1	Inventory - Commodities		0+2,2-		1		1		14,295		•		•		14,295
\$ 16,783,590 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Total Assets	<del>\$</del>	111,383,470	ઝ	5,473,286	\$	315,709	\$	1,308,281	\$	16,120,759	\$	160,660,114	8	295,261,619
\$ 16,783,590 \$ .	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES														
\$ 16,783,590 \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$	Liabilities:														
e 4,459,693 873,041 299,125 14,295 82,593,470 \$ 1,296,585 \$ 17,296,585 \$ 17,296,585 \$ 17,296,585 \$ 111,383,470 \$ 5,473,286 \$ 13,15,709 \$ 1,308,281 \$ \$ 16,120,759 \$ \$ 1	Accounts Payable	↔	16,783,590	↔	1	↔	•	<del>\$</del>	1	€	•	<del>\$</del>	•	↔	16,783,590
e 4,459,693	Retainage Payable				•		•		•		•		4,783,812		4,783,812
Taxes 966,159 - 10,304 - 299,125 - 14,296,585 - 14,293,986 - 15,959,459 - 12,2821,917 - 27,821,917 - 1,296,585 - 1,296,585 - 1,293,986 - 15,959,459 - 1,296,585 - 1,296,585 - 1,296,585 - 1,296,585 - 1,296,585 - 1,296,585 - 1,296,585 - 1,296,585 - 1,296,585 - 1,293,986 - 15,959,459 - 1,296,585 - 1,	Due to Other Funds		61,352,111		3,303,660		0,70		•		•		9,620,227		74,275,998
Taxes 966,159	Due to State Department of Education		- 4 450 603		•		16,584		•		1				16,584 7 7 50 603
Taxes 966,159	Unearned Revenue		, t,		873,041		299,125		14,295						1,186,461
Taxes 966,159 161,300	Total Liabilities				4,176,701		315,709		14,295				14,404,039		101,506,138
12,243 - 1,296,585 - 1,293,986 - 15,959,459 - 15,959,459 - 1,293,986 - 15,959,459 - 1,293,986 - 1,398,470 \$ 5,473,286 \$ 315,709 \$ 1,308,281 \$ 16,120,759 \$ 1	Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenues - Property Taxes		966,159				'		'		161,300		'		1,127,459
12,243 - 1,296,585 - 1,293,986 - 15,959,459 - 1,293,986 - 15,959,459 - 1,293,986 - 15,959,459 - 1,293,986 - 1,296,585 - 1,308,281 \$ 111,383,470 \$ 5,473,286 \$ 315,709 \$ 1,308,281 \$ 16,120,759 \$ 1	Fund Balances:														
12,243 - 1,296,585 - 1,293,986 - 15,959,459 - 1,298,674 - 1,293,986 - 15,959,459 - 1,298,674 - 1,293,986 - 1,398,470 \$ 5,473,286 \$ 315,709 \$ 1,308,281 \$ 16,120,759 \$ 1	Nonspendable														
-       1,296,585       -       -       1,293,986       -	Prepaids		12,243		1		1		•		•		•		12,243
27,809,674       -       1,293,986       -         27,821,917       1,296,585       -       -         \$ 111,383,470       \$ 5,473,286       \$ 1,308,281       \$ 16,120,759       \$ 1	Restricted Prinit Activities		•		1 296 585		•		•		•		•		1 296 585
27,809,674       -       -       15,959,459         27,821,917       1,296,585       -       -       -         \$ 111,383,470       \$ 5,473,286       \$ 315,709       \$ 1,308,281       \$ 16,120,759       \$ 1	Food Service		•		, , , , ,		•		1.293.986		•		•		1,293,986
27,809,674       -	Debt Service		•		•		•		'		15,959,459		•		15,959,459
27,809,674       -	Capital Projects		•		•		•		•				93,101,875		93,101,875
27,809,674     -	Assigned														
27,809,674     -	Capital Projects		1		•		•		•		•		53,154,200		53,154,200
27,821,917         1,296,585         -         1,293,986         15,959,459           \$ 111,383,470         \$ 5,473,286         \$ 315,709         \$ 1,308,281         \$ 16,120,759         \$	Unassigned		27,809,674		•		'		•				•		27,809,674
\$ 111,383,470 \$ 5,473,286 \$ 315,709 \$ 1,308,281 \$ 16,120,759 \$	Total Fund Balances		27,821,917		1,296,585		1		1,293,986		15,959,459		146,256,075		192,628,022
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	€5	111.383.470	€.	5 473 286	€.	315 709	€.	1.308.281	€.	16 120 759		160,660,114	€.	295 261 619
		•	(500)	+	0010000	•		+		+	000			+	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2024

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 192,628,022
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because of the following:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		420,660,842
Taxes Receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		1,127,459
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:     Accrued interest payable     Bond premium, net of amortization     Bonds payable     Net pension liability     Net OPEB liability	(4,140,706) (25,707,069) (288,600,000) (124,145,082) (86,121,164)	(528,714,021)
Certain deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not available to use in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Deferred outflows related to pensions  Deferred outflows related to OPEB  Deferred inflows related to OPEB  Deferred inflows related to OPEB	21,772,983 32,019,068 (606,421) (47,377,260)	5,808,370
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 91,510,672

SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			S	Special Revenue Fund -				
	General		Special	Educational Improvement	Food	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental
	Fund		Projects	Act	Service	Fund	Fund	Funds
KEVENUES Local Property Taxes Other Local	\$ 69,869,406	406 \$ 018	4.568.541	<b>⇔</b> ' '	396.100	\$ 19,187,046 356.888	3.492.055	\$ 89,056,452
Total Local	71,905,424	124	4,568,541	  - 	396,100	19,543,934	3,492,055	99,906,054
Intergovernmental State Sources Federal Sources	428,914 66,183,317 -	914	- 656,149 9,012,082	10,568,526	5,688,590	1,199,503		428,914 78,607,495 14,700,672
Total Revenues	138,517,655	355	14,236,772	10,568,526	6,084,690	20,743,437	3,492,055	193,643,135
EXPENDITURES Current Instruction	75,725,693	993	6,477,244	1,713,398	•		,	83,916,335
Support Services Community Services	44,348,124 55,039 717,681	124 339 881	5,505,081 306,034	128,194	5,736,317		6,404,008	62,121,724 361,073 508,630
Debt Service Principal	, †	- '	000			13.140.000	' '	13.140.000
Interest Other Objects						8,697,965	- 646 113	8,697,965
Capital Outlay	1,608,382	382	1,362,963	138,314	30,413	2	98,025,275	101,165,347
Total Expenditures	122,154,919	919	13,742,271	1,979,906	5,766,730	21,845,478	105,075,396	270,564,700
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	16,362,736	736	494,501	8,588,620	317,960	(1,102,041)	(101,583,341)	(76,921,565)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Premium on Bonds Sold Proceeds of Debt Obligations Sale of Capital Assets	74,6	- - 74,633		1 1 1	321	1 1 1	7,390,784 95,000,000	7,390,784 95,000,000 74,954
Transfers In Transfers Out	9,111,054 (24,840,400)	)54 400)	298,537 (820,971)	- (8,588,620)	1 1	1 1	24,840,400	34,249,991 (34,249,991 <u>)</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(15,654,713)	713)	(522,434)	(8,588,620)	321	•	127,231,184	102,465,738
Net Change in Fund Balances	708,023	023	(27,933)	1	318,281	(1,102,041)	25,647,843	25,544,173
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2023	27,113,894	394	1,324,518		975,705	17,061,500	120,608,232	167,083,849
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2024	\$ 27,821,917	917 \$	1,296,585	\$	1,293,986	\$ 15,959,459	\$ 146,256,075	\$ 192,628,022

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

15,626

334,975

\$ 32,076,579

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 25,544,173	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because of the following:			
Interest is reported as an expenditure when due in the governmental funds, but is accrued on outstanding debt on the statement of activities.		(1,111,651	)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The issuance of long-term debt increases long-term liabilities on the statement of net position and the repayment of principal on long-term debt reduces long-term debt on the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the long-term debt in the statement of activities.			
Principal payments on long-term debt	13,140,000		
Bond premium	(7,390,784)		
Amortization of bond premium	1,334,679	7,083,895	
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		(95,000,000	)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets.  This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense	104,125,563 (6,473,776)	97,651,787	,
The cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported in the Statement of Activities as an element of pension expense. The governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures.		(2,853,115	)
The cost of OPEB benefits, earned net of employee contributions, is reported in the statement of activities as an element of OPEB expense. The governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures.		426,515	
Revenues reported on the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.			
Taxes receivable Non-employer contributions related to Pensions	(142,600) 461,949		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Non-employer contributions related to OPEB

**CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES** 

### SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	CUSTODIAL FUNDS		
ASSETS		140.474	
Accounts Receivable	\$	149,474	
Total Assets		149,474	
LIABILITIES			
Due to General Fund		148,221	
Total Liabilities		148,221	
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted		1,253	
Total Net Position	\$	1,253	

#### SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	JSTODIAL FUNDS
ADDITIONS Payments from Nonprofit Entities	\$ 4,005,579
Total Additions	4,005,579
DEDUCTIONS Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Services Supplies and Materials	2,134,890 948,637 4,874 1,857
Total Deductions	 3,090,258
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	915,321
NET POSITION - JULY 1, 2023	 (914,068)
NET POSITION - JUNE 30, 2024	\$ 1,253

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

Spartanburg County School District Five ("the District") is located between Greenville and Spartanburg in the western area of Spartanburg County. The District is one of seven (7) school districts in Spartanburg County. The District encompasses a land area of approximately 113 square miles and is bound by Spartanburg County School District One to the northwest, Spartanburg County School District Four to the south, Spartanburg County School District Six to the east, and Greenville County to the west. The District includes four incorporated small towns: Duncan, Lyman, Wellford, and Reidville, as well as the unincorporated town of Startex.

For financial reporting purposes, the District includes all funds and account groups that are controlled by or financially dependent upon the District. Control or financial dependence was determined on the basis of obligation of the District to finance deficits, guarantee of debt, selection of governing authority, approval of budget, authority to make a public levy, ownership of assets, and scope of public service and special financing relationships where there was only partial or no oversight responsibility.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

#### B. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the governmental funds financial statements.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All taxes and revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

#### C. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. Their focus is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### C. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements - Continued

The District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific District functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

**Governmental Funds** - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund (Major Fund) -** The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all activities except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

**Special Revenue Funds (Major Funds)** - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District has the following special revenue funds:

- 1) <u>Special Projects</u> is used to account for financial resources provided by federal and state grants; and is used to account for student admissions, organization memberships, bookstore sales, and other related receipts and disbursements.
- 2) <u>Education Improvement Act (EIA)</u> is used to account for the proceeds of the additional one percent sales and use tax revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for the South Carolina Education Improvement Act of 1984 standards.
- 3) <u>Food Service</u> is used to account for cafeteria operations at school locations. The fund is financed by user charges and subsidized by USDA school lunch and breakfast programs.

**Debt Service Fund (Major Fund)** - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

**Capital Projects Fund (Major Fund)** - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

**Fiduciary Funds** - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. The District's only fiduciary funds are custodial funds:

- 1) <u>Middle Tyger Community Center Funds</u> is used to account for the expenditures related to Middle Tyger Community Center (MTCC) and the reimbursement of those funds from MTCC to the District.
- 2) <u>First Steps Fund</u> is used to account for the expenditures related to First Steps and the reimbursement of those funds from First Steps to the District.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting and the fund financial statements are prepared using either the modified accrual basis of accounting for the governmental funds or the accrual basis of accounting for fiduciary funds.

#### Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period of the District is sixty days after year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the "susceptible to accrual concept" under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available for advance, investment earnings, tuition, grants, and student fees.

#### Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenue on its statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. In both the government-wide and governmental fund statements, taxes received that are "intended to finance" a future period are reported as unearned revenue. In subsequent periods, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recorded at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on the flow of current financial resources. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

#### D. Budget

The District adopts an annual budget for the General Fund at the beginning of each fiscal year. The District's Superintendent submits to the Board of Trustees an operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Any revisions to transfer budgeted amounts between functions or that alter the total expenditures of the General Fund must be approved by the Board of Trustees. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. Budgeted amounts are as amended. The District reports the annual budget of all funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgeted General Fund appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### E. Deposits

State statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, (2) general obligations of the State of South Carolina and its subdivisions, (3) savings and loan associations to the extent of federal insurance, (4) certificates of deposit collaterally secured, and (5) the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

#### F. Cash Held by County Treasurer

The Spartanburg County Treasurer, fiscal agent for the District, receives local, state, and federal monies from residents within the District and from the South Carolina Department of Education. The monies held by the County Treasurer are uninsured but collateralized with government investments held by the pledging institution's agent in the name of Spartanburg County. Market value approximates the cost of the investments. These monies are remitted to the District once a claim has been presented to the Spartanburg County Treasurer.

#### G. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes being processed for collection by the Spartanburg County Delinquent Tax Office, originally assessed for the District. Thirty percent of the delinquent taxes delivered each year to the Delinquent Tax Office are estimated to be collectible; the remainder is considered to be uncollectible and, accordingly, an allowance for the uncollectible amounts has been recorded. Taxes receivable on the Statement of Financial Position represents \$5,008,989 of current taxes receivable and \$3,342,623 of delinquent taxes receivable.

#### H. Ad Valorem Taxes

The District's property taxes (except vehicles) are levied by the Spartanburg County Auditor each fall on the assessed valuation of the property located in the District as of the preceding January 1. The tax books are open for collection on September 1, with the first penalty of 3% applied to payments made after January 15, the due date. An additional penalty of 7% is charged for payments made after January 31. Uncollected property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on January 1. Uncollected property taxes as of March 15 are transferred to the Spartanburg County Delinquent Tax Collector at which time an additional 5% penalty is assessed. Spartanburg County bills and collects the District's property taxes.

The assessed valuation of property in Spartanburg County for District Five for 2023 was \$396,390,595. In addition, the District billed fees in lieu of taxes on assessed values of \$171,396,048. The District's operating tax rate is currently 164.3 mils with an additional 32.6 mils for debt retirement.

#### I. Inventory and Prepaids

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

The cost of prepaids is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition cost as of the date received. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$5,000, or bulk purchases less than \$500,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### J. Capital Assets and Depreciation - Continued

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Construction projects are depreciated once they are complete, at which time the complete costs of the project are transferred to the appropriate capital asset category. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Useful Life
Land	Not depreciated
Construction in progress	Not depreciated
Buildings & improvements Furniture & equipment	10 - 50 years 3 - 10 years

#### K. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as due to/from other funds, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination in the government-wide financial statements. Services provided are treated as revenues and expenditures. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers among governmental funds are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

#### L. Vacation and Sick Pay

The District allows teachers to accumulate a maximum of ninety days of sick leave. Accumulated sick leave is transferable to other school districts. During an illness, a teacher continues to receive full pay for each day of accumulated sick leave. If a teacher leaves the employment of the District, any unused sick leave is not paid. Because of the nonvesting of sick leave and other uncertainties, no estimate of any potential liability has been made.

Two weeks of vacation is given to all 12-month employees. Vacation is noncumulative and employees are not paid for unused vacation days. Therefore, no provision for liability has been made.

#### M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Debt

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term debt are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, accounts payable and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with currently available resources. Long-term debts paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

In the government-wide basic financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Amortizations of premiums and discounts are included in interest expense. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Debt - Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period.

#### N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In the government-wide financial statements, in addition to assets and liabilities, separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are reported. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an expenditure until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as revenue until that time. The District's deferred outflows and inflows of resources are related to pensions and OPEB, and deferred loss on refunding from prior years.

#### O. Retirement Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Carolina Retirement Systems, and additions to/deductions from the SCRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as they are reported by the SCRS in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### P. Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Trusts, and additions to and deductions from the OPEB Trusts fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the OPEB Trusts. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Therefore, benefit and administrative expenses are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Q. Governmental Fund Balance Classifications

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

**Nonspendable**: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has classified inventories and prepaids as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next current year.

**Restricted**: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources through either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### Q. Governmental Fund Balance Classifications - Continued

Committed: This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints determined by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government and the formal action they take that can commit fund balance is a majority vote (highest level of decision-making authority). These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned**: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or an official to which the Board delegates authority. By a majority vote, the Board of Trustees has delegated this authority to the Superintendent. The authorization to assign fund balance can be found in the District's fund balance policy. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds, except for the General Fund, as governed by the State Department of Education.

**Unassigned**: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balances of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by the offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

#### **Spending Policy**

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of these other classified funds. Where applicable, these classifications are presented on the face of the governmental fund balance sheet.

#### Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance

The primary purpose of this reserve is to provide sufficient cash flow for daily needs, secure and maintain investment grade bond rating, offset revenue shortfalls, and provide for unforeseen expenditures related to emergencies. The Board of Trustees intends to maintain a fund balance ranging from 15 to 20% of the budgeted expenditures and outgoing transfers. Any excess over the minimum reserve may be transferred to the District building fund for facility needs or the debt service fund for repayment of debt. However, when unexpected obligations occur and the reserve falls below the desired minimum, the District will implement budget strategies to replenish the fund through the reduction of recurring expenditures or pursue increases in revenue or funding sources.

#### R. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Outstanding debt, which has not been spent, is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### S. Restricted Sources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

#### T. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### U. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District obtains its employee health and accident insurance through the South Carolina Office of Insurance Services, South Carolina Reserve Fund (the "Fund"), which is a public entity risk pool. The District pays premiums to the Fund for its employee health and accident insurance. The agreement for the formation of the Fund provides that the Fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for each insured event.

The District obtains its general liability, property, and workmen's compensation insurance through the South Carolina School Boards Insurance Trust (the "Trust"), which is a public entity risk pool. The District pays premiums to the Trust for its workmen's compensation. The agreement for the formation of the Trust provides that the Trust will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for each insured event.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### Cash

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

As of June 30, 2024, the District's cash deposits were as follows:

	Carrying	Bank
	 Amount	 Balance
	_	
Demand Deposits	\$ 5,482,245	\$ 8,786,591

Of the District's bank balance, \$752,797 was covered by FDIC insurance; \$8,033,794 was collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department or agent, or held in the District's name.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

#### Investments

Investments measured and reported at fair value are classified within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

As of June 30, 2024, the District had the following Level 1 investments:

Investment Type	 Fair Value	Maturity	Rating
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$ 75,113,941	<60 days	Not Rated

South Carolina Pooled Investment Fund ("SC Pool") investments are invested with the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office, which established the South Carolina Pool pursuant to Section 6-6-10 of the South Carolina Code. The SC Pool is an investment trust fund, in which public monies in excess of current needs, which are under the custody of any city treasurer or any governing body of a political subdivision of the State, may be deposited. The SC Pool is a 2a7-like pool, which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company but has a policy that it will operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments are carried at fair value and determined annually based upon quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets. The total fair value of the Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which is acquired at a cost of \$1. Funds may be deposited by Pool participants at any time and may be withdrawn upon 24 hours' notice.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in the market interest rates. The District's policy is to minimize interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market, and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the District may not be able to recover the value of investments, or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's policy is to minimize custodial credit risk by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealer, intermediaries, and advisors with which the District will do business.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of the District's investment single issuer. This risk is mitigated by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. The District's policy is to minimize the concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

#### **NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

	Balance at	A dditions	Doductions	Transfora	Balance at
	June 30, 2023	Additions	Deductions	<u>Transfers</u>	June 30, 2024
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 24,142,533	\$ 259,977	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,402,510
Construction in progress	153,639,307	99,042,648		(10,662,489)	242,019,466
Total Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated	177,781,840	99,302,625		(10,662,489)	266,421,976
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	233,256,020	310,499	_	10,662,489	244,229,008
Furniture and equipment	9,081,966	4,512,439	16,558	-	13,577,847
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	242,337,986	4,822,938	16,558	10,662,489	257,806,855
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	90,869,892	5,689,276	_	_	96,559,168
Furniture and equipment	6,240,879	784,500	16,558	-	7,008,821
Total Accumulated Depreciation	97,110,771	6,473,776	16,558		103,567,989
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	145,227,215	(1,650,838)		10,662,489	154,238,866
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$323,009,055	\$97,651,787	\$ -	\$ -	\$420,660,842

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Instruction	\$ 3,710,784
Support services	2,747,025
Community services	15,967
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 6,473,776

#### NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2024	Amounts Due in One Year
General Obligation Bonds Special Obligation Bonds	\$203,410,000 3,330,000	\$ 95,000,000	\$ 12,390,000 750,000	\$286,020,000 2,580,000	\$10,775,000 785,000
	206,740,000	95,000,000	13,140,000	288,600,000	11,560,000
Plus: unamortized bond premium	19,650,964 \$226,390,964	7,390,784 \$102,390,784	1,334,679 \$ 14,474,679	25,707,069 \$314,307,069	\$ 11,560,000

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2024, are comprised of the following individual issues:

	General Obligation	Special Obligation	
	Bonds	Bonds	Total
\$18,200,000 2015 General Obligation Bond due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$3,965,000 through March 2025; interest rates from 2.00% to 5.00%.	\$ 3,965,000	\$ -	\$ 3,965,000
\$5,110,000 2018 Special Obligation Bond due in annual installments of \$245,000 to \$785,000 through June 2028; interest rates from 4.00% to 5.00%	-	2,580,000	2,580,000
\$100,000,000 2022 General Obligation Bond due in annual installments of \$625,000 to \$5,805,000 through March 2046; interest rates from 2.50% to 5.00%	92,755,000	-	92,755,000
\$100,000,000 2023 General Obligation Bond due in annual installments of \$1,660,000 to \$6,600,000 through March 2046; interest rates from 3.75% to	94,300,000	-	94,300,000
\$95,000,000 2024 General Obligation Bond due in annual installments of \$2,605,000 to \$6,400,000 through March 2046; interest rates from 4.00% to	05 000 000		05.000.000
5.00%	95,000,000		95,000,000
	\$286,020,000	\$2,580,000	\$288,600,000

#### NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2024, including interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending	General Obli	General Obligation Bonds Special Obligation Bonds			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
			,		
2025	\$ 10,775,000	\$ 12,128,330	\$ 785,000	\$ 103,200	\$ 23,791,530
2026	8,085,000	11,399,531	575,000	71,800	20,131,331
2027	8,460,000	11,021,331	600,000	48,800	20,130,131
2028	8,885,000	10,598,331	620,000	24,800	20,128,131
2029	9,330,000	10,154,081	-	-	19,484,081
2030-2034	54,085,000	43,329,356	-	-	97,414,356
2035-2039	67,630,000	29,777,519	-	-	97,407,519
2040-2044	81,820,000	15,586,950	-	-	97,406,950
2045-2046	36,950,000	2,014,513			38,964,513
	\$286,020,000	\$146,009,942	\$2,580,000	\$ 248,600	\$434,858,542

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various debt instruments. The District is in compliance with all the significant limitations and restrictions including the legal debt limit imposed by Article X, Section 15 of the Constitution of the State of South Carolina, 1985, as amended.

Bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies accumulated by the Debt Service Fund. As of June 30, 2024, \$15,959,459 was available in the Debt Service Fund to service these long-term obligations.

#### NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS

#### A. South Carolina Retirement System

**Plan Description -** The District, as the employer, participates in the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) Plan - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered and managed by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), a state agency. PEBA issues an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The ACFR is publicly available through PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

Benefits Provided/Membership - SCRS provides retirement and other benefits for employees of the state, its public-school districts, and political subdivisions. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Membership and benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws, and PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current year salary.

#### NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

#### A. South Carolina Retirement System - Continued

This plan covers general employees, teachers, and first-term individuals elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of 1% or \$500 every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

As an alternative to membership in SCRS, newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees and individuals newly elected to the S.C. General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election have the option to participate in the State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP), which is a defined contribution plan. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into a plan administered by one of four investment providers. PEBA assumes no liability for State ORP benefits. Rather, the benefits are the liability of the investment providers. For this reason, State ORP programs are not part of the retirement systems' trust funds for financial statement purposes.

Contributions - Actuarial valuations are performed annually by an external consulting actuary to ensure applicable contribution rates satisfy the funding parameters specified in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under these provisions, SCRS contribution requirements must be sufficient to maintain an amortization period for the financing of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) over a period that does not exceed the number of years scheduled in state statute. Effective July 1, 2017, employee rates were increased to a capped rate of 9.00% for SCRS. The legislation also increased employer contribution rates by a minimum of one percentage point each year, until reaching 18.56% for SCRS. The legislation included further provision that if the scheduled contributions are not sufficient to meet the funding periods set in state statute, PEBA shall increase the employer contribution rates as necessary to meet the amortization period set for the applicable year.

Pension reform legislation modified state statute such that the employer contribution rates for SCRS to be further increased, not to exceed one-half of a percent in any one year if necessary, in order to improve the funding of the plans. The statute sets rates intended to reduce the unfunded liability of SCRS to the maximum amortization period of 20 years from 30 years over a 10-year schedule, as determined by the annual actuarial valuations of the plan. Finally, under the revised statute, the contribution rates for SCRS may not be decreased until the plan is at least 85% funded.

### NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

### A. South Carolina Retirement System - Continued

Required employee (both Class II and III) contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2024, were 9.00%. Required employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2024, were 18.41%. Both required employee and employer contribution rates are calculated on earnable compensation, as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Employers also contribute an additional 0.15% of earnable compensation, if participating in the death benefit program.

Contributions to the Plan from the District were \$11,369,009, for the year ended June 30, 2023. For the State's year-end June 30, 2023, the State General Assembly appropriated funds to cover 1% of the 2% contribution rate increase for all employers participating in the State retirement plans. For the year ended June 30, 2023, \$460,111 of contributions paid on behalf of the District by the General Assembly for SCRS was recognized as other operating revenues.

Employee and employer contributions to the State ORP are at the same rates as SCRS. A direct remittance is required from the employers to the member's account with investment providers for the employee contribution (9.0%) and a portion of the employer contribution (5%). A direct remittance is also required to SCRS for the remaining portion of the employer contribution (13.41%) and an incidental death benefit contribution (0.15%), if applicable, which is retained by SCRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2024, the District reported a net pension liability of \$123,807,820 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2022. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year-end June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The allocation of the District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and pension expense was calculated on the basis of the District's contributions actually remitted to the plan relative to the total contributions remitted to the plan for all participating employers, less employer contributions that are not representative of future contribution efforts, as of June 30, 2023. Based upon this information, the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability at June 30, 2024, is 0.512080%, an increase of 0.006164% since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$15,888,515. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension from the following sources:

### NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

### A. South Carolina Retirement System - Continued

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,149,518	\$	343,337
Changes in assumptions		1,896,914		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		169,466
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		4,644,086		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		12,985,859		
Total	\$	21,676,377	\$	512,803

Deferred outflows of resources of \$12,985,859 related to pensions in 2024, resulted from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	_	
2025	\$	4,997,622
2026		(649,130)
2027		3,901,842
2028		(72,619)
	\$	8,177,715

**Actuarial Assumptions -** Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision, as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the System was most recently issued for the period ending July 1, 2019.

### NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

### A. South Carolina Retirement System - Continued

The June 30, 2023, total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information is determined by and based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions and methods:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	3.0% to 11.0% (varies by service
	and includes 2.25% inflation)
Benefit adjustments	lesser of 1% or \$500 annually
Investment rate of return	7.00% (includes 2.25% inflation)

There was no legislation enacted during the 2023 legislative session that had a material change in the benefit provisions.

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2020 Public Retirees of South Carolina mortality table (2020 PRSC), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. The base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using 80% of Scale UMP projected from the year 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon the 20-year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rates of return represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building-block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees. The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2022 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the following table. For actuarial purposes, the 7.00% assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 4.75% real rate of return and a 2.25% inflation component.

		Expected	Long-Term
	Policy	Arithmetic Real	Expected Portfolio
Allocation/Exposure	Target	Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	46%	6.62%	3.04%
Bonds	26%	0.31%	0.08%
Private Equity	9%	10.91%	0.98%
Private Debt	7%	6.16%	0.43%
Real Assets			
Real Estate	9%	6.41%	0.58%
Infrastructure	3%	6.62%	0.20%
Total Expected Return	100%		5.31%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes			2.25%
			7.56%

### NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

### A. South Carolina Retirement System - Continued

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS will be made based on actuarially determined rates based on the provisions of the South Carolina State Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	l% Increase
		6.00%		7.00%		8.00%
District's proportionate share of the		_		_	'	_
collective net pension liability	\$	159,971,510	\$	123,807,820	\$	93,749,810

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position -** Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plan, administered by PEBA, is available in the Systems' audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (including the unmodified opinion on the financial statements). Information about the fiduciary net position of the System and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position has been determined on the accrual basis of accounting. Additional actuarial information is available in the accounting and financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The additional information is publicly available on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov.

### B. South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System

**Plan Description -** The District, as the employer, participates in the South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS) Plan - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered and managed by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), a state agency. PEBA issues an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The ACFR is publicly available through PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

Benefits Provided/Membership - PORS provides retirement and other benefits for police officers and firemen of the state and its political subdivisions. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty. Membership and benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws, and PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current year salary.

### NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

### B. South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System - Continued

To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; be a coroner in a full-time permanent position; or be a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute.

An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of 1% or \$500 every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

**Contributions** - Actuarial valuations are performed annually by an external consulting actuary to ensure applicable contribution rates satisfy the funding parameters specified in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under these provisions, PORS contribution requirements must be sufficient to maintain an amortization period for the financing of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) over a period that does not exceed the number of years scheduled in state statute. Effective July 1, 2017, employee rates were increased to a capped rate of 9.75% for PORS. The legislation also increased employer contribution rates by a minimum of one percentage point each year, until reaching 21.24% for PORS. The legislation included further provision that if the scheduled contributions are not sufficient to meet the funding periods set in state statute, PEBA shall increase the employer contribution rates as necessary to meet the amortization period set for the applicable year.

Pension reform legislation modified state statute such that the employer contribution rates for PORS to be further increased, not to exceed one-half of a percent in any one year if necessary, in order to improve the funding of the plans. The statute sets rates intended to reduce the unfunded liability of PORS to the maximum amortization period of 20 years from 30 years over a 10-year schedule, as determined by the annual actuarial valuations of the plan. Finally, under the revised statute, the contribution rates for PORS may not be decreased until the plan is at least 85% funded.

Required employee (both Class II and III) contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2024, were 9.75%. Required employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2024, were 20.84%. Both required employee and employer contribution rates are calculated on earnable compensation, as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Employers also contribute an additional 0.20% of earnable compensation, if participating in the incidental and/or accidental death benefit program, respectively.

### NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

### B. South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System - Continued

Contributions to the Plan from the District were \$38,211, for the year ended June 30, 2023. For the State's year-end June 30, 2023, the State General Assembly appropriated funds to cover 1% of the 2% contribution rate increase for all employers participating in the State retirement plans. For the year ended June 30, 2023, \$1,838 of contributions paid on behalf of the District by the General Assembly for PORS was recognized as other operating revenues.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2024, the District reported a net pension liability of \$337,262 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability, net pension liability and sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2022. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year-end June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The allocation of the District's proportional share of the collective net pension liability and pension expense was calculated on the basis of the District's contributions actually remitted to the plan relative to the total contributions remitted to the plan for all participating employers, less employer contributions that are not representative of future contribution efforts, as of June 30, 2023. Based upon this information, the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability at June 30, 2024, is 0.512080%, a decrease of 0.006164% since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$12,215. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	15,872	\$	4,158
Changes in assumptions		7,340		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		579
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		11,638		88,881
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		61,756		
Total	\$	96,606	\$	93,618

### NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

### B. South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System - Continued

Deferred outflows of resources of \$61,756 related to pensions in 2024, resulted from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2025	\$ (17,838)
2026	(32,946)
2027	(7,630)
2028	 (354)
	\$ (58,768)

**Actuarial Assumptions -** Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision, as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the System was most recently issued for the period ending July 1, 2019.

The June 30, 2023, total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information is determined by and based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions and methods:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.25%

Salary increases 3.5% to 10.5% (varies by service

and includes 2.25% inflation)

Benefit adjustments lesser of 1% or \$500 annually Investment rate of return 7.00% (includes 2.25% inflation)

There was no legislation enacted during the 2023 legislative session that had a material change in the benefit provisions.

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2020 Public Retirees of South Carolina mortality table (2020 PRSC), were developed using the Systems' mortality experience. The base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using 80% of Scale UMP projected from the year 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon the 20-year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rates of return represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building-block approach primarily based on consensus expectation and market-based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees. The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2022 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the following table. For actuarial purposes, the 7.00% assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 4.75% real rate of return and a 2.25% inflation component.

### NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

### B. South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System - Continued

		Expected	Long-Term
	Policy	Arithmetic Real	Expected Portfolio
Allocation/Exposure	Target	Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	46%	6.62%	3.04%
Bonds	26%	0.31%	0.08%
Private Equity	9%	10.91%	0.98%
Private Debt	7%	6.16%	0.43%
Real Assets			
Real Estate	9%	6.41%	0.58%
Infrastructure	3%	6.62%	0.20%
Total Expected Return	100%		5.31%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes			2.25%
			7.56%

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in PORS will be made based on actuarially determined rates based on the provisions of the South Carolina State Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate -** The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase	
	6.00%			7.00%		8.00%	
District's proportionate share of the		_		_		_	
collective net pension liability	\$	475,759	\$	337,262	\$	223,816	

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position -** Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plan, administered by PEBA, is available in the Systems' audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (including the unmodified opinion on the financial statements). Information about the fiduciary net position of the System and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting. Additional actuarial information is available in the accounting and financial reporting actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023. The additional information is publicly available through PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov.

### NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

### C. Reconciliation to Government-Wide Financial Statements

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and the Net Pension Liability, as reported on the government-wide financial statements, are reported after aggregating the total balances of the South Carolina Retirement System and the Police Officers' Retirement System. The following is a reconciliation of the aggregated amounts to the individual reporting plans:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Ir	Deferred of the sources	Net Pension Liability
South Carolina Retirement System Police Officers Retirement System	\$ 21,676,377 96,606	\$	512,803 93,618	\$ 123,807,820 337,262
Totals as Reported on Statement of Net Position	\$ 21,772,983	\$	606,421	\$ 124,145,082

### NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

**OPEB Plan Description** - The District, as the employer, participates in the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund (SCRHITF) - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan, for the purpose of providing postemployment health and dental benefits to retired State and school district employees and their covered dependents. The plan is administered and managed by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), a state agency. PEBA – Insurance benefits issues audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the OPEB Trust Funds. This information is publicly available through PEBA – Insurance Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA – Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

**Benefits Provided -** The SCRHITF is a healthcare plan that covers retired employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies and public-school districts. The SCRHITF provides health and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees. Generally, retirees are eligible for the health and dental benefits if they have established at least ten years of retirement service credit. For new hires beginning employment on May 2, 2008, and after, retirees are eligible for benefits if they have established 25 years of service for 100% employer funding and 15-24 years of service for 50% employer funding.

**Contributions** - Section 1-11-710 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, requires the postemployment benefits to be funded through non-employer and employer contributions for active employees and retirees to the PEBA-Insurance Benefits. The SCRHITF is funded through participating employers that are mandated by State statute to contribute at a rate assessed each year by the Department of Administration Executive Budget Office on active employee covered payroll. The covered payroll surcharge for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 6.35%. The South Carolina Retirement System collects the monthly covered payroll surcharge for all participating employers and remits it directly to the SCRHITF. Other sources of funding for the SCRHITF also include the implicit subsidy, or age-related subsidy inherent in the healthcare premiums structure. The implicit subsidy represents a portion of the health care expenditures paid on behalf of the employer's active employees.

### NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN - CONTINUED

For purposes of GASB Statement No. 75, this expenditure on behalf of the active employee is reclassified as a retiree health care expenditure so that the employer's contributions towards the plan reflect the underlying age-adjusted, retiree benefit costs. Non-employer contributions consist of an annual appropriation by the General Assembly and the statutorily required transfer from PEBA-Insurance Benefits reserves. However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the impact it has on the PEBA – Insurance Benefits reserves, the General Assembly has indefinitely suspended the statutorily required transfer until further notice. It is also funded through investment income.

In accordance with part (b) of paragraph 69 of GASB Statement No. 75, participating employers should recognize revenue in an amount equal to the District's proportionate share of the change in the collective net OPEB liability arising from contributions to the OPEB plan during the measurement period from non-employer contributing entities for purposes other than the separate financing of specific liabilities to the OPEB plan. The amount of revenue recognized in the current fiscal year was \$15,626.

Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District during June 30, 2023, were \$4,310,128, with an implicit subsidy of \$359,407.

**OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources Related to OPEB** - At June 30, 2024, the District reported a net OPEB liability of \$86,121,164 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year-end June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The allocation of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability and collective OPEB expense were determined using the employer's payroll-related contributions over the measurement period, which is expected to be reflective of the employer's long-term contribution effort. Based upon this information, the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, is 0.657841%, an increase of 0.005998% since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$4,095,721. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows ( Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,523,636	\$	19,625,053
Changes in assumptions		17,276,908		27,669,681
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		947,394		82,487
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		7,365,154		39
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,905,976		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	32,019,068	\$	47,377,260

### NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN - CONTINUED

Deferred outflows of resources of \$4,905,976 related to OPEB in 2024, resulted from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2025	\$ (1,760,488)
2026	(1,539,907)
2027	(2,254,461)
2028	(5,167,784)
2029	(7,556,546)
Thereafter	 (1,984,982)
	\$ (20,264,168)

**Actuarial Assumptions** - Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the System was most recently issued for the period ending June 30, 2019. Demographic and salary increase assumptions were updated to reflect the most recent experience study and the healthcare trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience.

The June 30, 2023, total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information are determined by and based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions and methods:

Actuarial Cost Method: Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation: 2.25%

Retiree Participation: 79% for retirees eligible for funded premiums; 59% for partial-funded

premiums; 20% for non-funded premiums

Investment Rate of Return: 2.75%, net of OPEB Plan investment expense; includes inflation
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: Initial trend starting at 6.00% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate

trend rate of 4.00% over a period of 13 years

For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct South Carolina Retirees 2020 Mortality Tables were used with fully generational mortality projections based on a fully generational basis by the 80% of Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements and adjusted with multipliers based on plan experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments represents assumptions developed using an arithmetic building-block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2018 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. This information is summarized in the following table:

### NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN - CONTINUED

	Target	Expected	Allocation-Weighted
	Asset	Arithmetic Real	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Domestic Fixed Income	80%	0.95%	0.76%
Cash equivalents	20%	0.35%	0.07%
Total	100%		0.83%
Expected Inflation			2.25%
Total Return			3.08%
Investment Return Assumption			2.75%

**Discount Rate** - The single discount rate of 3.86% was used to measure the total OPEB liability, which is an increase from the previous year by 0.17%. The accounting policy for this plan is to set the Single Discount Rate equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. Due to the plan's investment and funding policies, the difference between a blended discount rate and the municipal bond rate would be less than several basis points (several hundredths of one percent).

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.86%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (2.86%) or 1% higher (4.86%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	2.86%	3.86%	4.86%
District's proportionate share of the			
collective net OPEB liability	\$ 101,662,545	\$ 86,121,164	\$ 73,586,914

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 6.0%, gradually decreasing to 4.0% over a 15-year period, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% lower (5.0% decreasing to 3.00%) or 1% higher (7.0% decreasing to 5.00%) than the current rate:

			Curr	ent Healthcare	
	1	% Decrease	Со	st Trend Rate	 1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the					 -
collective net OPEB liability	\$	71,509,897	\$	86,121,164	\$ 104,893,481

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position -** Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plan, administered by PEBA, is available in the OPEB Trusts Fund audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (including the unmodified opinion on the financial statements). Additional actuarial information is available in the accounting and financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The additional information is publicly available through PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov.

### NOTE 7 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

Several optional deferred compensation plans are available to the District's employees. The multiple-employer plans created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 401(k) are accounted for by the State of South Carolina. Employees may withdraw the current value of their contributions when they terminate employment. With approval of the State's Deferred Compensation Commission, employees may also withdraw the current value of their contributions prior to termination of employment if they meet certain requirements. These requirements differ among the three plans. Compensation deferred under the Section 457 and 401(k) plans is placed in trust for the contributing employees. Neither the State nor the District has any liability for losses under the plans.

### NOTE 8 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

### Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	F	Interfund Receivables	 Interfund Payables
General Fund	\$	4,155,978	\$ 61,352,111
Special Revenue Fund - Special Projects		131,089	3,303,660
Special Revenue Fund - EIA		315,709	-
Special Revenue Fund - Food Service		1,199,080	-
Debt Service Fund		1,066,921	-
Capital Projects Fund		67,555,442	9,620,227
Custodial Funds		-	 148,221
	\$	74,424,219	\$ 74,424,219

The interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All remaining balances resulted from the consolidation of available cash to optimize return.

### Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Transfer from	Transfer to	 Amount
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 24,840,400
Special Revenue Fund - Special Projects	General Fund	522,434
Special Revenue Fund - Special Projects	Special Revenue Funds - Special Projects	298,537
Special Revenue Fund - EIA	General Fund	 8,588,620
		\$ 34,249,991

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

### **NOTE 9 - TAX ABATEMENTS**

### Spartanburg County

Beginning July 1, 2016, Spartanburg County changed the allocation of FILOT revenues amongst the seven school districts within the County. Under these agreements, there is a countywide calculation of all Fee in Lieu of Ad Valorem Tax (FILOT) payments allocating revenue to all 7 districts based on a formula. Under these agreements, the District received \$3,463,341 of FILOT revenue. Because these agreements are written across seven taxing districts, the District is unable to determine the amount by which the general fund property tax revenues were reduced as a result of these agreements or the benefit recognized by taxpayers under either Special Source Revenue Credits (SSRC) or FILOT agreements.

Under agreements written prior to June 30, 2016, the District's general fund property tax revenues were reduced by \$35,085,011 under Fee in Lieu of Ad Valorem Tax (FILOT) agreements and Special Source Revenue Credits (SSRC) entered into by the County. The District received a total of \$21,642,558 under both FILOT and SSRC tax agreements for the fiscal year. Under the FILOT agreements, taxpayers receive a reduction in ad valorem property taxes through reduced assessed values and locked millage rates. Due to these agreements, the taxpayers realized a benefit of \$21,798,375. Under the SSRC program, taxpayers receive a percentage reduction off their total property tax bill if their property qualified for the program. Due to this program, the taxpayers realized a benefit of \$13,286,635.

Under agreements written prior to June 30, 2016, the District's debt service fund property tax revenues were reduced by \$5,201,747 under Fee in Lieu of Ad Valorem Tax (FILOT) agreements and Special Source Revenue Credits (SSRC) entered into by the County. The District received a total of \$5,852,161 under both FILOT and SSRC tax agreements for the fiscal year. Under the FILOT agreements, taxpayers receive a reduction in ad valorem property taxes through reduced assessed values and locked millage rates. Due to these agreements, the taxpayers realized a benefit of \$2,612,719. Under the SSRC program, taxpayers receive a percentage reduction off their total property tax bill if their property qualified for the program. Due to this program, the taxpayers realized a benefit of \$2,589,028.

### **Cherokee County**

Cherokee County collects and remits FILOT revenue due to Spartanburg County related to a Multi-County Industrial Park located within Cherokee County. Due to this agreement and the agreement to allocate all FILOT related to school districts under these agreements equitably across all 7 districts, the District received \$43,845 in FILOT revenue from Cherokee County.

### NOTE 10 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The District is required to pay unemployment compensation on covered employees. It has chosen the alternative of paying claims as billed by the South Carolina Employment Security Commission. However, under this method of funding, no accurate estimate of any potential liability has been made.

The District has received proceeds from Federal and State grants, and/or entitlements. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

The District has contracted with Honeywell, Inc. to implement and maintain an energy conservation program. Under the program, Honeywell, Inc. provides an Energy and Operational Savings guarantee, maintenance and operation services, preferred maintenance services, building management support services, and retrofit services. The contract is for an initial term of five years and will renew from year to year up to an additional five years. Either party may terminate the agreement by giving thirty days' notice prior to the end of the year.

### NOTE 10 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS - CONTINUED

Total contractual commitments of the Capital Projects Fund at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Projects	Co	ntract Amount	Job to Date Expenditures	Outstanding ommitments
Byrnes High School Additions	\$	49,277,223	\$ 44,916,501	\$ 4,360,722
Berry Shoals Intermediate Addition		11,866,632	11,816,012	50,620
Beech Springs Intermediate Addition		29,763,652	27,762,152	2,001,500
Beech Springs Athletic Field		1,798,892	816,848	982,044
Abner Creek Middle School		57,094,621	56,634,082	460,539
Tyger River Elementary School		48,374,122	47,690,438	683,684
Wellford Elementary School		51,036,104	42,885,040	8,151,064
Football Stadium		30,468,930	2,307,609	28,161,321
	\$	279,680,176	\$ 234,828,682	\$ 44,851,494

### NOTE 11 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

These financial statements exclude R.D. Anderson Applied Technology District, Moore, South Carolina. The District serves the high schools in Spartanburg County School Districts Four, Five, and Six. Two members of District Five's Board of Trustees serve as board members of the District. Also, the superintendent of District Five is an ex-officio non-voting member of the R.D. Anderson Applied Technology District Board of Trustees. District Five remits a portion of their Education Finance Act monies to the District to cover the educational costs of the District's students attending the District and a portion of the Property Tax Relief Act Tier 3. For the year ended June 30, 2024, these amounts were \$499,816 and \$302,723, respectively, and were recorded as General Fund expenditures.

### NOTE 12 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District changed its capitalization policy to include bulk purchases of assets less than the individual capitalization threshold to be capitalized, if the total amount is over \$500,000. This change is a result of clarification in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Implementation Guide 2021-01 for capital assets. This change to the District's capitalization policy had no impact on beginning net position.

### NOTE 13 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 29, 2024, the Board of Trustees approved the Guaranteed Maximum Price (GMP) for Byrnes High School Phase 3 Building not to exceed \$47,710,201.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2024, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
District's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	0.512080%	0.505916%	0.479042%	0.466601%	0.450855%
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 123,807,820	\$ 122,644,900	\$ 103,670,737	\$ 119,224,828	\$ 102,948,843
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 68,774,535	\$ 63,832,503	\$ 58,848,827	\$ 55,743,907	\$ 51,086,033
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	180.02%	192.14%	176.16%	213.88%	201.52%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	%09.85	57.10%	%02.09	%02.09	54.40%
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	0.445212%	0.438291%	0.430060%	0.430512%	0.431989%
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 99,757,769	\$ 98,666,353	\$ 91,860,181	\$ 81,648,676	\$ 74,374,184
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 49,761,349	\$ 48,238,262	\$ 46,032,903	\$ 43,955,092	\$ 42,750,998
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	200.47%	204.54%	199.55%	185.75%	173.97%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	54.10%	53.30%	52.91%	%66.99	59.92%

\*The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS
SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	20	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Statutorily Required Contributions	\$ 12,9	12,985,859	<del>⊗</del>	10,908,976	↔	9,427,336	↔	8,053,690	↔	7,638,724
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions	12,6	12,985,859		10,908,976		9,427,336		8,053,690		7,638,724
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	'	\$	'	\$	'	↔	'	↔	'
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 76,6	76,624,298	\$	68,774,535	↔	63,832,503	↔	58,848,827	↔	55,743,907
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		16.95%		15.86%		14.77%		13.69%		13.70%
	50	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Statutorily Required Contributions	\$ 6,4	6,472,281	\$	5,795,988	\$	5,112,079	\$	4,663,080	\$	4,399,863
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions	9,4	6,472,281		5,795,988		5,112,079		4,663,080		4,399,863
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	ٔ ا	↔	'	↔	'	↔	ı	↔	1
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 51,0	51,086,033	& 4	\$ 49,761,349	↔	\$ 48,238,262	↔	46,032,903	↔	43,955,092
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		12.67%		11.65%		10.60%		10.13%		10.01%

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	
District's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	0.011079%	0.015126%	0.014287%	0.014707%	0.014663%	%
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 337,262	\$ 453,611	\$ 367,602	\$ 487,722	\$ 420,224	224
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 188,790	\$ 237,028	\$ 217,314	\$ 222,888	\$ 212,676	929
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	178.64%	191.37%	169.16%	218.82%	197.59%	<b>~</b>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	67.80%	66.40%	70.40%	58.80%	62.70%	
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
District's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	0.014058%	0.013140%	0.014020%	0.012840%	0.006830%	%(
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 398,338	\$ 360,088	\$ 355,639	\$ 279,869	\$ 130,736	736
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 194,583	\$ 177,005	\$ 178,753	\$ 159,084	\$ 82,1	82,140
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	204.71%	203.43%	198.96%	175.93%	159.16%	<b>,</b>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	61.70%	%06.09	60.40%	64.60%	67.50%	•

\*The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS
POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Statutorily Required Contributions	↔	61,756	↔	36,373	↔	43,766	↔	37,800	↔	38,817
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions		61,756		36,373		43,766		37,800		38,817
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	↔	•	မှာ	•	↔	•	↔	1	↔	1
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	↔	299,407	↔	188,790	↔	237,028	↔	217,314	↔	222,888
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		20.63%		19.27%		18.46%		17.39%		17.42%
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Statutorily Required Contributions	↔	34,827	↔	29,762	↔	25,205	↔	24,561	↔	21,333
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions		34,827		29,762		25,205		24,561		21,333
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	↔	'	s	'	↔	'	↔	ı	S	1
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	↔	212,676	↔	194,583	↔	177,005	↔	178,753	↔	159,084
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		16.38%		15.30%		14.24%		13.74%		13.41%

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET OPEB LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	2024	2023	2022	2021
District's Proportion of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	0.657841%	0.651843%	0.633363%	0.607158%
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 86,121,164	\$ 99,157,322	\$ 131,886,324	\$ 109,600,801
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 68,963,326	\$ 64,069,531	\$ 59,066,140	\$ 55,966,796
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	124.88%	154.77%	223.29%	195.83%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	11.24%	9.64%	7.48%	8.39%
	2020	2019	2018	
District's Proportion of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	0.586550%	0.579285%	0.574128%	
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 88,695,302	\$ 82,088,073	\$ 77,764,697	
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 51,298,709	\$ 49,955,932	\$ 48,415,267	
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	172.90%	164.32%	160.62%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	8.44%	7.91%	%09'2	

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

# Notes to Schedule:

June 30, 2018 was the first year of GASB 75 implementation, therefore, 10-year data is not yet available.

# SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

		2024		2023		2022		2021
Statutorily Required Contributions	↔	4,905,976	↔	4,334,842	↔	4,024,873	↔	3,630,601
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions		4,905,976		4,334,842		4,024,873		3,630,601
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	↔		<del>v)</del>	1	<del>v</del>	,	↔	ı
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	₩	76,923,705	↔	68,963,326	↔	\$ 64,069,531	↔	59,066,140
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		6.378%		6.286%		6.282%		6.147%
		2020		2019		2018		
Statutorily Required Contributions	↔	3,266,718	↔	3,094,481	↔	2,685,758		
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions		3,266,718		3,094,481		2,685,758		
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	↔		S	ı	S	ı		
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	↔	55,966,796	↔	51,298,709	↔	\$ 49,955,932		
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		5.837%		6.032%		5.376%		

**Note to Schedule:** June 30, 2018 was the first year of GASB 75 implementation, therefore, 10-year data is not yet available.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUE				
Local	\$ 61,093,287	\$ 61,093,287	\$ 71,905,424	\$ 10,812,137
Intergovernmental	261,585	261,585	428,914	167,329
State	60,299,682	60,299,682	66,183,317	5,883,635
Total Revenue	121,654,554	121,654,554	138,517,655	16,863,101
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	78,986,753	77,622,163	76,187,228	1,434,935
Support Services	45,222,558	46,587,148	45,494,971	1,092,177
Community Services	57,539	57,539	55,039	2,500
Intergovernmental	425,000	425,000	417,681	7,319
Total Expenditures	124,691,850	124,691,850	122,154,919	2,536,931
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(3,037,296)	(3,037,296)	16,362,736	19,400,032
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of Fixed Assets	-	-	74,633	74,633
Operating Transfers In	8,528,596	8,528,596	9,111,054	582,458
Operating Transfers Out	(5,491,300)	(5,491,300)	(24,840,400)	(19,349,100)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	708,023	\$ 708,023
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2023			27,113,894	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2024			\$ 27,821,917	

Note: The budget is prepared and monitored on a generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis of accounting.

REVENUES		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	F	/ARIANCE AVORABLE FAVORABLE)
1000 Revenue From Local Sources						
1100 Taxes Levied/Assessed by the LEA	•	10 101 001	•	44 000 704	•	(4.000.407)
1110 Ad Valorem Taxes - Including Delinquent (Independent)	\$	42,461,921	\$	41,098,794	\$	(1,363,127) 1,445,044
1190 Other Taxes (Independent)		2,175,824		3,620,868		1,445,044
1200 Revenue from Local Government Units Other than LEAs						
1280 Revenue In Lieu of Taxes (Independent and Dependent)		16,430,542		25,149,744		8,719,202
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, ,		, ,		
1300 Tuition						
1310 Tuition from Patrons for Regular Day School		-		40,775		40,775
1500 Earnings on Investments		05.000		4 700 407		4 704 407
1510 Interest on Investments		25,000		1,789,197		1,764,197
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources						
1910 Rentals		_		4,945		4,945
1920 Contributions and Donations Private Sources		_		50		50
1950 Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures		-		152,117		152,117
1990 Miscellaneous Local Revenue						
1993 Receipt of Insurance Proceeds		-		14,507		14,507
1999 Revenue from Other Local Sources				34,427		34,427
Tatal Land Course		04 000 007		74 005 404		40 040 407
Total Local Sources		61,093,287		71,905,424		10,812,137
2000 Intergovernmental Revenue						
2100 Payments for Other Governmental Units		261,585		428,914		167,329
·	-					
Total Intergovernmental Revenue		261,585		428,914		167,329
3000 Revenue from State Sources						
3100 Restricted State Funding						
3103 State Aid to Classrooms		40,864,018		41,887,253		1,023,235
3130 Special Programs						
3131 Handicapped Transportation		-		1,640		1,640
3160 School Bus Driver Salary (Includes Hazardous Condition Transportation)		512,572		816,624		304,052
3161 EAA Bus Driver Salary and Fringe		-		24,675		24,675
3162 Transportation Worker's Compensation		23,394		26,396		3,002
3181 Retiree Insurance (No Carryover Provision)		2,993,732		3,107,613		113,881
3300 State Aid to Classrooms - Education Finance Act (EFA)						
3330 Miscellaneous EFA Programs						
3392 NBC Excess EFA Formula		-		145,854		145,854
3800 State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes						
3810 Reimbursement for Local Residential Property Tax Relief (Tier 1)		1,681,807		1,681,807		-
3820 Homestead Exemption (Tier 2)		968,250		968,250		-
3825 Reimbursement for Property Tax Relief (Tier 3)		11,162,292		13,111,508		1,949,216
3830 Merchant's Inventory Tax		78,607		78,608		1
3840 Manufacturers Depreciation Reimbursement 3890 Other State Property Tax Revenues (Includes Motor Carrier Vehicle Tax)		1,353,061 200,000		3,392,063		2,039,002
3030 Other State Property Tax Nevertues (Includes Motor Carrier Verilice Tax)		200,000		479,077		279,077

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
3990 Other State Revenue			
3993 PEBA On-Behalf	461,949	461,949	
Total State Sources	60,299,682	66,183,317	5,883,635
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	121,654,554	138,517,655	16,863,101
EXPENDITURES			
100 INSTRUCTION			
110 General Instruction			
111 Kindergarten Programs			
100 Salaries	3,674,042	3,664,006	10,036
200 Employee Benefits	1,940,100	1,916,391	23,709
300 Purchased Services	4,899	4,774	125
400 Supplies and Materials	45,040	44,218	822
112 Primary Programs			
100 Salaries	11,126,742	11,120,296	6,446
200 Employee Benefits	5,204,099	5,202,738	1,361
300 Purchased Services	120,526	118,795	1,731
400 Supplies and Materials	206,064	195,376	10,688
600 Other Objects	8,200	7,200	1,000
113 Elementary Programs			
100 Salaries	15,260,415	15,199,468	60,947
200 Employee Benefits	7,588,018	7,551,970	36,048
300 Purchased Services	303,766	302,692	1,074
400 Supplies and Materials	1,738,352	1,608,997	129,355
500 Capital Outlay	525,204	195,883	329,321
600 Other Objects	2,600	2,400	200
114 High School Programs			
100 Salaries	8,614,780	8,614,709	71
200 Employee Benefits	3,893,046	3,845,323	47,723
300 Purchased Services	856,331	856,280	51
400 Supplies and Materials	358,730	244,521	114,209
500 Capital Outlay	282,753	252,711	30,042
600 Other Objects	11,800	6,000	5,800
115 Career and Technical Education Programs			
100 Salaries	937,667	937,667	-
200 Employee Benefits	424,620	424,620	-
300 Purchased Services (Other than Tuition)	28,917	27,614	1,303
370 Tuition (Purchased Services)	817,349	802,539	14,810
400 Supplies and Materials	34,857	16,653	18,204
500 Capital Outlay	7,442	7,394	48
116 Career and Technology Education (Vocational) Programs - Middle School			
100 Salaries	61,224	61,148	76
200 Employee Benefits	27,583	25,931	1,652
120 Exceptional Programs			
121 Educable Mentally Handicapped			
100 Salaries	248,881	248,783	98
200 Employee Benefits	140,620	121,681	18,939
300 Purchased Services	108,610	108,038	572
400 Supplies and Materials	598	467	131

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
122 Trainable Mentally Handicapped		AOTOAL	(ON AVOITABLE)
100 Salaries	305,484	270,592	34,892
200 Employee Benefits	165,412	145,888	19,524
300 Purchased Services	60,043	59,956	87
400 Supplies and Materials	626	489	137
123 Orthopedically Handicapped			
100 Salaries	42,013	42,014	(1)
200 Employee Benefits	19,252	19,212	40
300 Purchased Services	5,174	5,151	23
400 Supplies and Materials	478	331	147
124 Visually Handicapped			
300 Purchased Services	33,422	33,378	44
400 Supplies and Materials	429	232	197
500 Capital Outlay	5,000	-	5,000
125 Hearing Handicapped			
300 Purchased Services	103,987	103,946	41
400 Supplies and Materials	792	604	188
500 Capital Outlay	5,600	5,546	54
126 Speech Handicapped			
100 Salaries	286,650	193,645	93,005
200 Employee Benefits	142,290	117,231	25,059
300 Purchased Services	319,987	319,913	74
400 Supplies and Materials	15,443	11,279	4,164
127 Learning Disabilities	0.400.000	0.450.004	44.400
100 Salaries	3,468,086	3,453,964	14,122
200 Employee Benefits	1,664,784	1,653,314	11,470
300 Purchased Services	128,210	128,119	91
400 Supplies and Materials	20,767	19,099	1,668
128 Emotionally Handicapped	004.700	000 005	45.005
100 Salaries	621,720	606,085	15,635
200 Employee Benefits	316,003	279,923	36,080
300 Purchased Services	38,291	38,279	12 142
400 Supplies and Materials	964	822	142
130 Preschool Programs			
137 Preschool Handicapped Self-Contained (3- and 4- YrOlds)			
100 Salaries	757,946	742,733	15,213
200 Employee Benefits	435,747	380,345	55,402
400 Supplies and Materials	2,953	2,799	154
139 Early Childhood Programs			
100 Salaries	412,137	400,602	11,535
200 Employee Benefits	243,454	207,134	36,320
400 Supplies and Materials	12,272	12,061	211
140 Special Programs			
141 Gifted and Talented Academic			
100 Salaries	323,440	323,418	22
200 Employee Benefits	159,747	158,045	1,702
300 Purchased Services	6,200	-	6,200
400 Supplies and Materials	7,795	(253)	8,048
142 Disadvantaged			
300 Purchased Services	628	-	628
143 Advanced Placement	. ===		
300 Purchased Services	1,500	656	844
400 Supplies and Materials	5,325	5,318	7

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
145 Homebound			
100 Salaries	194,100	194,062	38
200 Employee Benefits	59,284	59,270	14
300 Purchased Services	5,000	4,743	257
147 CERDEP			
100 Salaries	82,100	79,952	2,148
200 Employee Benefits	22,100	26,472	(4,372)
400 Supplies and Materials	5,723	-	5,723
148 Gifted and Talented Artistic			
100 Salaries	7,000	4,725	2,275
200 Employee Benefits	2,324	1,515	809
300 Purchased Services	-	600	(600)
400 Supplies and Materials	4,024	3,706	318
160 Other Exceptional Programs			
161 Autism			
100 Salaries	321,970	263,985	57,985
200 Employee Benefits	177,097	138,895	38,202
300 Purchased Services	163,126	163,121	5
400 Supplies and Materials	5,909	5,521	388
162 Limited English Proficiency			
100 Salaries	1,143,604	1,113,348	30,256
200 Employee Benefits	519,547	505,556	13,991
300 Purchased Services	1,731	-	1,731
400 Supplies and Materials	500	501	(1)
170 Summer School Programs			
172 Elementary Summer School			
100 Salaries	14,000	-	14,000
200 Employee Benefits	4,648	-	4,648
180 Adult/Continuing Education Programs			
188 Parenting/Family Literacy			(222)
100 Salaries	96,084	96,766	(682)
200 Employee Benefits	46,566	45,337	1,229
300 Purchased Services	1,800	-	1,800
Total Instruction	77,622,163	76,187,228	1,434,935
200 SUPPORT SERVICES 210 Pupil Service			
211 Attendance and Social Work Services			
100 Salaries	105,009	105,009	-
200 Employee Benefits	39,959	39,192	767
300 Purchased Services	6,708	6,339	369
400 Supplies and Materials	900	847	53
212 Guidance Services			
100 Salaries	1,828,285	1,828,195	90
200 Employee Benefits	847,989	826,336	21,653
300 Purchased Services	29,400	29,259	141
400 Supplies and Materials	54,285	57,643	(3,358)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
213 Health Service			
100 Salaries	1,022,437	996,421	26,016
200 Employee Benefits	484,984	399,632	85,352
300 Purchased Services	80,870	65,007	15,863
400 Supplies and Materials	23,884	23,788	96
214 Psychological Services	•	•	
100 Salaries	602,898	540,692	62,206
200 Employee Benefits	305,883	261,927	43,956
300 Purchased Services	2,200	179	2,021
400 Supplies and Materials	850	-	850
217 Career Specialist Services			
100 Salaries	286,144	170,249	115,895
200 Employee Benefits	217,009	84,588	132,421
220 Instructional Staff Services			
221 Improvement of Instruction Curriculum Development			
100 Salaries	1,253,208	1,128,108	125,100
200 Employee Benefits	509,866	443,376	66,490
300 Purchased Services	116,383	114,896	1,487
400 Supplies and Materials	43,250	21,184	22,066
600 Other Objects	500	256	244
222 Library and Media Services			
100 Salaries	1,126,533	1,113,838	12,695
200 Employee Benefits	552,677	536,242	16,435
300 Purchased Services	252	252	-
400 Supplies and Materials	199,342	195,814	3,528
500 Capital Outlay	-	8,979	(8,979)
223 Supervision of Special Programs			
100 Salaries	279,810	279,796	14
200 Employee Benefits	118,440	117,460	980
300 Purchased Services	6,200	6,145	55
224 Improvement of Instruction Inservice and Staff Training			
100 Salaries	934,294	834,275	100,019
200 Employee Benefits	426,194	380,395	45,799
300 Purchased Services	174,378	141,866	32,512
400 Supplies and Materials	23,495	7,933	15,562
230 General Administrative Service			
231 Board of Education			
300 Purchased Services	71,600	79,024	(7,424)
318 Audit Services	40,225	32,750	7,475
400 Supplies and Materials	2,550	168	2,382
500 Capital Outlay	1,700	-	1,700
600 Other Objects	101,053	48,198	52,855
232 Office of the Superintendent			
100 Salaries	397,565	397,227	338
200 Employee Benefits	131,297	128,252	3,045
300 Purchased Services	6,265	6,221	44
400 Supplies and Materials	4,425	674	3,751
600 Other Objects	4,000	2,163	1,837

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
233 School Administration			(0:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
100 Salaries	6,077,711	6,026,754	50,957
200 Employee Benefits	2,760,480	2,730,153	30,327
300 Purchased Services	61,594	61,476	118
400 Supplies and Materials	83,390	83,380	10
500 Capital Outlay	205	205	-
600 Other Objects	4,500	4,154	346
250 Finance and Operations Services			
251 Student Transporation (Federal/District Mandated)			
100 Salaries	200	188	12
200 Employee Benefits	65	60	5
300 Purchased Services	27,000	26,941	59
252 Fiscal Services			
100 Salaries	441,785	441,693	92
180 Head of Organizational Unit Salaries	142,291	142,291	-
200 Employee Benefits	250,213	195,704	54,509
280 Head of Organizational Unit Employee Benefits	-	50,779	(50,779)
300 Purchased Services	78,400	78,145	255
380 Head of Organizational Unit Purchased Services	3,700	3,690	10
400 Supplies and Materials	32,100	32,092	8
600 Other Objects	600	597	3
253 Facilities Acquisition and Construction			
500 Capital Outlay	24.000		24.000
520 Construction Services	24,000	-	24,000
254 Operations and Maintenance of Plant 100 Salaries	3,639,411	3,594,732	44,679
			·
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services (Excludes Energy Costs)	1,654,125 2,090,901	1,602,412 2,054,202	51,713 36,699
321 Public Utility Services (Exclude Gas, Oil, Electric & Other Heating Fuels)	399,201	367,150	32,051
400 Supplies and Materials (Included Energy Costs)	1,440,700	1,440,638	62
470 Energy (Includes Gas, Oil, Electric & Other Heating Fuels)	1,914,785	2,139,359	(224,574)
500 Capital Outlay	703,806	670,387	33,419
600 Other Objects	-	19,475	(19,475)
255 Student Transportation (State Mandated)		10, 110	(10,110)
100 Salaries	2,313,403	2,313,033	370
200 Employee Benefits	772,270	772,241	29
300 Purchased Services	187,970	187,813	157
400 Supplies and Materials	119,000	119,169	(169)
500 Capital Outlay	309,500	304,828	4,672
258 Security			
100 Salaries	463,146	462,745	401
200 Employee Benefits	181,850	181,167	683
300 Purchased Services	2,251,610	2,251,289	321
400 Supplies and Materials	192,800	178,496	14,304
500 Capital Outlay	165,040	71,385	93,655
260 Central Support Services			
262 Planning			
400 Supplies and Materials	-	4,333	(4,333)
• •		•	, ,

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
263 Information Services			(01111111111111111111111111111111111111
100 Salaries	47,786	47,455	331
180 Head of Organizational Unit Salaries	90,908	90,868	40
200 Employee Benefits	60,561	20,986	39,575
280 Head of Organizational Unit Employee Benefits	<del>-</del>	38,333	(38,333)
300 Purchased Services	134,250	138,863	(4,613)
380 Head of Organizational Unit Purchased Services	5,000	4,805	195
400 Supplies and Materials	48,600	39,394	9,206
500 Capital Outlay	-	55	(55)
264 Staff Services			()
100 Salaries	357,288	354,858	2,430
200 Employee Benefits	207,330	204,514	2,816
300 Purchased Services	88,200	78,053	10,147
400 Supplies and Materials	10,000	12,558	(2,558)
	6,200	12,550	· · · · · ·
480 Head of Organizational Unit Supplies and Materials	6,200	-	6,200
266 Technology and Data Processing Services	077 077	000 040	44.450
100 Salaries	977,677	966,218	11,459
180 Head of Organizational Unit Salaries	132,709	133,639	(930)
200 Employee Benefits	504,061	431,093	72,968
280 Head of Organizational Unit Employee Benefits	- 	48,258	(48,258)
300 Purchased Services	888,250	770,911	117,339
380 Head of Organizational Unit Purchased Services	2,500	-	2,500
400 Supplies and Materials	11,000	5,393	5,607
270 Support Services - Pupil Activity			
271 Pupil Service Activities			
100 Salaries (Optional)	1,026,284	1,220,686	(194,402)
200 Employee Benefits (Optional)	399,607	445,981	(46,374)
300 Purchased Services (Optional)	102,185	105,717	(3,532)
400 Supplies and Materials (Optional)	153,804	135,837	17,967
500 Capital Outlay (Optional)	4,000	14,673	(10,673)
600 Other Objects (Optional)	76,000	111,872	(35,872)
Total Support Services	46,587,148	45,494,971	1,092,177
300 COMMUNITY SERVICES			
390 Other Community Services			
300 Purchased Services	57,539	55,039	2,500
300 T Grandoud Solvidos		00,000	
Total Community Services	57,539	55,039	2,500
400 OTHER CHARGES			
410 Intergovernmental Expenditures			
412 Payments to other governmental units			
412 Payments to other governmental units 720 Transits	425,000	417,681	7,319
Total Intergovernmental Expenditures	425,000	417,681	7,319
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	124 601 950	122 154 010	2,536,931
	124,691,850	122,154,919	2,000,901
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
5300 Sales of Fixed Assets	-	74,633	74,633

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			VARIANCE
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Interfund Transfers, from (to) Other Funds	BODGET	ACTUAL	(UNI AVORABLE)
5230 Transfer from Special Revenue EIA Fund	8,178,596	8,588,620	410,024
5280 Transfer from Other Funds Indirect Cost	350,000	522,434	172,434
423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund	(3,000,000)	-	3,000,000
424-710 Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	(2,491,300)	(24,840,400)	(22,349,100)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	3,037,296	(15,654,713)	(18,692,009)
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ -	708,023	\$ 708,023
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2023		27,113,894	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2024		\$ 27,821,917	

SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SPECIAL PROJECTS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

		TITLE I		IDEA	PRESCHOOL HANDICAPPED		CATE	DES DES RES STAT	OTHER DESIGNATED RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS	P. R. S.	OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE PROGRAMS	STU AC	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS		TOTAL
ASSETS Cash Accounts Receivable Due from State Department of Education Due from Federal Government Due from Other Funds	↔	486,527	₩	1,188,316	Θ	<b>↔</b>	33,081	$\Theta$	295,756	<del>∨</del>	25 10,158 2,162,838		1,165,496	↔	1,165,496 25 305,914 3,870,762 131,089
Total Assets	↔	486,527 \$	↔	1,188,316	8	↔	33,081	↔	295,756	\$	2,173,021	↔	1,296,585	€	5,473,286
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenues	↔	486,527	₩	1,188,316	↔	<del>∨</del>	33,081		295,756		1,299,980			€	3,303,660 873,041
Total Liabilities	₩	486,527	₩	1,188,316	↔	₩.	33,081	<del>\$</del>	295,756	₩	2,173,021	\$	•	€>	4,176,701
<b>Fund Balance</b> Restricted Pupil Activities		,		·			,				,		1,296,585		1,296,585
Total Fund Balance		•		•			•		•		•		1,296,585		1,296,585
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	↔	486,527	↔	1,188,316	\$	<del>.</del>	33,081	↔	295,756	₩.	2,173,021	<del>\$</del>	1,296,585	₩.	5,473,286

SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SPECIAL PROJECTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	TITLE	_	IDEA	PRESCHOOL HANDICAPPED	CATE	OTHER DESIGNATED RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS	OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE PROGRAMS	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL
REVENUES									
1000 Revenue From Local Sources 1700 Pupil Activities 1710 Admissions 1720 Bookstore Sales 1730 Pupil Organization Membership Dues and Fees 1740 Student Fees 1790 Other Pupil Activity Income	↔	↔		ω	€9	69	69	\$ 331,369 42,918 44,289 473,340 1,888,664	\$ 331,369 42,918 44,289 473,340 1,888,664
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources 1910 Rentals 1920 Contributions and Donations From Private Sources 1930 Special Needs Transportation - Medicaid 1999 Revenue from Other Local Sources		1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1				8,670 13,496 282,370 1,401,445	81,980	8,670 95,476 282,370 1,401,445
Total Local Revenue		-	1	1			1,705,981	2,862,560	4,568,541
3000 Revenue from State Sources 3100 Restricted State Funding 3110 Occupational Education 3118 EEDA Career Specialists 3120 General Education		ı	•	•		- 54,822	•	•	54,822
3130 Special Programs 3134 Child Early Reading Development & Education Program 3135 Reading Coache Coache				1 1		- 10,871 - 467,526			10,871 467,526
3190 Miscellarieous Resiliceu State Grants 3193 Education License Plates		1	1	•		- 702	•	•	702
3900 Other State Revenue 3994 PEBA Nonemployer Contributions 3999 Revenue from Other State Sources						15,626	104,102		15,626 106,602
Total State Sources		-	1			- 552,047	104,102		656,149
<b>4000 Revenue from Federal Sources</b> 4200 Occupational Education 4210 Perkins Aid, Title I - Career and Technology Education - Basic Grants to States		,	•	,	106,314	4	1		106,314
4300 Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA) 4310 Title I, Basic State Grant Programs (Carryover Provision) 4341 Januarae Instruction for Limited English	1,61	1,610,283	•	ı		,	230,943	ı	1,841,226
Proficient and Immigrant Students, Title III 4351 Supporting Effective Instruction				1 1			59,249 270,516		59,249 270,516
4500 Frograms for Criticaen with Disabilities 4510 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) 4520 Preschool Grants for Children with Disabilities (IDEA)			2,368,801	- 68,910			3,120		2,371,921 68,910

SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SPECIAL PROJECTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS TOTAL		36,672		36,6	1		1	- 140,868	9,012,082	7 2.862.560 14.236.772	0001						3 - 63,435	- 1 020 291	,	ı			230,920	1	1			1		- 13,147		- 20,635	- 4,2/8	- 22,024			- 20,329	6,507	
OTHER ED SPECIAL ED REVENUE TS PROGRAMS	ļ	- 36,672	- 8,15	3,982,925	3,107		- 122,223	- 140,868	- 4,857,774	0.667.857						- 45,574	- 19,388	- 560 651	12 252.861		3,202 211,817	000	- 223,142 - 89,066	- 71,385	- 49,697		- 171,347	- 54,707	- 6,222	- 13,14		•		•					
OTHER DESIGNATED RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS		,	•						106,314	106.314 552.047						•					- 3,2									ı		20,635	4,278	22,024			,		
PRESCHOOL HANDICAPPED CATE								1	68,910	68.910						•	•								•					•				-			•	•	
PRE IDEA HAND			•	•					2,368,801	2.368.801						•									,		•			•		•		•			20,329	6,507	
TITLE	TITLE	•							1,610,283	1.610.283						72,447	44,047	459 640	215.136	10,348	70,646	077	359,778 150,813		8,449			•		•		•	•	•			•	•	
	er Federal Sources	4900 Other Federal Sources 4931 ARP IDEA	4937 ARP Homeless Children and Youth	4974 ESSER III	4977 ESSER II	4990 Other Federal Revenue	4997 Title IV - SSAE	4999 Revenue from Other Federal Sources	Total Federal Sources	TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES		EXPENDITURES	MOITOI GEOM	110 General Instruction	111 Kindergarten Programs	100 Salaries	200 Employee Benefits	112 Primary Programs 100 Salaries	200 Employee Benefits	300 Purchased Services	400 Supplies and Materials	113 Elementary Programs 100 ೧ ೧೭೭೭ ಪ್ರಮ	100 Salaries 200 Employee Repefite	300 Purchased Services	400 Supplies and Materials	114 High School Programs	100 Salaries	200 Employee Benefits	300 Purchased Services	400 Supplies and Materials	115 Career and Technical Education Programs	400 Supplies and Materials	500 Capital Outlay 118 Career and Technical Education Drograms - Middle School	400 Supplies and Materials	120 Exceptional Programs	121 Educable Mentally Handicapped	100 Salaries	200 Employee Benefits	-

SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SPECIAL PROJECTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	TITLE	IDEA	PRESCHOOL HANDICAPPED	CATE	OTHER DESIGNATED RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS	OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE PROGRAMS	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL
124 Visually Handicapped 300 Purchased Services	,	25,927	,	'	,		•	25,927
126 Speech Handicapped 100 Salaries	•	509,229	•	•	•	8.118	٠	517.347
200 Employee Benefits	•	219,089	•	•	•	2,835	•	221,924
300 Purchased Services		445,595		•	•	5,475	•	451,070
600 Other Objects	•	1	•	•	•	4,454	•	4,454
127 Ceaning Disabilities 100 Salaries	•	330,121	•	'		945	٠	331.066
200 Employee Benefits	•	175,206		'	•	302	•	175,508
300 Purchased Services		•		•	•	962	•	962
400 Supplies and Materials	•	8,415	•	•	•	2,635	1	11,050
120 Emotionary nationapped		03 800						03 800
200 Employee Benefits		39,022		' '		1 1	1 1	39,022 39,132
130 Pre-School Programs								
137 Preschool Handicapped Self-Contained (3- and 4- YrOlds)		737	020.04			7 050		465 773
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits		54,078	46,939 20.811	' '		7.460		82.349
400 Supplies and Materials	•	170		•	•	6,839	•	10,009
140 Special Programs								
141 Giffed and Talented Academic								
100 Salaries	•	•	•	•	•	19,849	•	19,849
200 Employee Benefits		•		'	•	6,356	•	6,356
147 CERDEP	•	•	•	•	•	) †	•	r f
100 Salaries	•	•	•	'	8,030	•	•	8,030
400 Supplies and Materials	•	•	•	•	2,842	•	•	2,842
149 Other Special Programs		40.200						40.200
200 Employee Benefits		3.380		'				3.380
300 Purchased Services	•	5,358	1,140	•	•	1	•	6,498
170 Summer School Programs								
171 Primary Summer School								
100 Salaries		ı	ı	•	1	191,937	•	191,937
200 Employee Benefits 400 Supplies and Materials		1 1				61,091		61,091
172 Elementary Summer School								
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits						48,790 15,091		48,790 15,091
173 High School Summer School								
100 Salaries 200 Employae Benefits	•	1	•	•	•	49,131 17 995	•	49,131 17,005
200 Employee penems	•	•	•	•	•		•	-t, dd:

SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SPECIAL PROJECTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	TITLE	IDEA	PRESCHOOL HANDICAPPED	CATE	OTHER DESIGNATED RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS	OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE PROGRAMS	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL
175 Instructional Programs Beyond Regular School Day 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits	1 1			1 1		114,546 35,966		114,546 35,966
180 Adult/Continuing Education Programs								
188 Parenting/Family Literacy 100 Salaries	47,069	1	,	•	•	3,168	,	50,237
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials	17,915 - 11,370					993 2,658 472	1 1 1	18,908 2,658 11,842
190 Instructional Pupil Activity 660 Pupil Activity		'		'			318,632	318,632
Total Instruction	1,467,658	2,135,800	68,910	46,937	14,086	2,429,499	318,632	6,481,522
200 SUPPORT SERVICES 210 Pupil Service								
211 Attendance and Social Work Services								
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits	12,860 6,009					44,320 20,709		57,180 26,718
212 Guidance Services								
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits						230,791 117,032		230,791 117,032
300 Purchased Services	•	1	•	1	•	23,250	1	23,250
Z13 Health Service 100 Salaries	•	•	•	,	1	130,686	•	130,686
200 Employee Benefits	•	•	1	1	•	52,415	•	52,415
500 Capital Outlay	•	1	1	1	1	33,645	1	33,645
2.14 Psychological Services 300 Purchased Services	•	81,681	1	•	1	88,125	1	169,806
215 Exceptional Program Services	,	53 382	,	,	,	,		53 382
217 Career Specialist Services	1	300,000	1		ı		1	,,,,,
100 Salaries	•	1	•	•	41,185	•	•	41,185
ZUO Employee Benefits	1	•		•	13,037	•	•	13,037
ZZO IIISU UCUOITAI OKAII OKAII OKAII OKI OKAI OKAI OKAI								
221 Improvement of instruction Curriculari Development 100 Salaries	•	•	•	•	295,119	143,519	•	438,638
200 Employee Benefits	•	•	•	'	134,931	67,965	•	202,896
300 Purchased Services	•	1	•	•	•	12,318	•	12,318
400 Supplies and Materials		•		•		36,951		36,951
400 Supplies and Materials	•	•	•	'	•	284,878	•	284,878

SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SPECIAL PROJECTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		DEA	PRESCHOOL HANDICAPPED	CATE	OTHER DESIGNATED RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS	OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE PROGRAMS	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL
223 Supervision of Special Programs								
100 Salaries		56,111	•	•	•	246,069	•	302, 180
200 Employee Benefits		29,688	•	•	•	108,566	•	138,254
300 Purchased Services	1,751	9,940	•	•	•	1,964	•	13,655
400 Supplies and Materials	883	1,017		•	•	•		1,900
224 Improvement of Instruction Inservice and Staff Training								
100 Salaries	65,473	•	•	•	25,236	2,100	•	92,809
200 Employee Benefits	24,276	•	•	•	12,227	571	•	37,074
300 Purchased Services		1,182	•	17,620		202,427	•	221,229
400 Supplies and Materials	•	•	•	•	•	19,101	1	19,101
250 Finance and Operations Services								
251 Student Transporation (Federal/District Mandated)								
300 Purchased Services	9 813	•	•	•	٠	2 051	•	11 864
254 Operations and Maintenance of Plant						Î		
300 Purchased Services	•	•	•	•	•	17,878	•	17,878
400 Supplies and Materials	•	•	•	•	•	25,458	•	25,458
500 Capital Outlay		•	•	•	•	124,363	•	124,363
255 Student Transportation (State Mandated)								
100 Salaries		•	•	•		89,609	•	89,609
ZUU Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services						20,035 25,338		20,035 25,338
260 Central Support Services								
266 Technology and Data Processing Services								
100 Salaries		•	•	•	•	38,819	•	38,819
200 Employee Benefits	•	•	•	•	•	12,098	•	12,098
300 Purchased Services	•	•		•	•	73,564	•	73,564
400 Supplies and Materials	•	•	•	•	•	160,167	•	160,167
oud Capital Outlay	•	•	•	•	•	1,191,282	•	1,191,282
270 Support Services - Pupil Activity								
271 Pupil Service Activities								
100 Salaries (Optional)	•	•	1	•	•	•	50,636	50,636
200 Employee Benefits (Optional)	•	•	•	1 6	•	•	16,084	16,084
300 Purchased Services (Optional)		•	•	31,240		•	•	31,240
400 Supplies and Materials (Optional)	•	•	•	4,416	•	•	•	4,416
500 Capital Outlay (Optional)	•	•	•	0,101	•	1	- 306 604	6,101
ססס ד קטו אפוניונץ						'	4,200,004	4,200,004
Total Support Services	121,065	233,001	İ	59,377	522,335	3,654,664	2,273,324	6,863,766

SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SPECIAL PROJECTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	TITLE	IDEA	PRESCHOOL HANDICAPPED	CATE	OTHER DESIGNATED RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS	OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE PROGRAMS	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL
300 COMMUNITY SERVICES 350 Custody and Care of Children								
100 Salaries	•	•	•	•	•	244,017	•	244,017
200 Employee Benefits	•	•	•	•	•	54,521		54,521
300 Purchased Services		•	•	•	•	204		204
400 Supplies and Materials	•	•	•	•	•	009	•	009
360 Welfare Services								
300 Purchased Services	•	•		•	•	2,365		2,365
400 Supplies and Materials	293	•		•		3,734	-	4,027
Total Community Services	293	•		•		305,741	-	306,034
OTGITEGISTANT INTERMEDIACO CONTEM CAN								
410 IN ERGOVERNMEN AL EXPENDITURES 414 Medicaid Payments to SCDE								
720 Transits	1	'	1	'	•	75,323	1	75,323
419 Payments to PEBA Non-employer Contributions								
720 Transits					15,626		1	15,626
Total Intergovernmental Expenditures	'	•	'	•	15,626	75,323	'	90,949
	7	0	0.00	0		100	200	0 0 1 0 0 1
IOIAL EXPENDITURES	1,589,016	2,368,801	68,910	106,314	552,047	6,465,227	2,591,956	13,742,271
Interfund Transfers, from (to) Other Funds								
5220 Transfer from Special Revenue Fund (Exclude Indirect Costs)	•	'	•	•	•	298,537	10000	298,537
421-710 Transier to Special Revenue Fund 431-791 Special Revenue Fund Indirect Costs	(21,267)					(501,167)	(,298,537)	(522,434)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(21,267)	'		'		(202,630)	(298,537)	(522,434)
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		•	•	,	٠	•	(27 933)	(27 933)
							(200, 12)	(200,12)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2023	1	•		•			1,324,518	1,324,518
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2024		- -	9	₽	· \$		\$ 1,296,585 \$	1,296,585

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE NOTE TO SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SPECIAL PROJECTS SUPPLEMENTAL LISTING OF LEA SUBFUND CODES AND TITLES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

District Subfund Code

818 919 924 928 935 994

Other Special Revenue Programs	Student Support and Academic Enrichment, Title IV ESSER III Title I, Neglected & Delinquent ESSER III ARP IDEA Title I, Supporting Effective Instruction Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient and Immigrant Students, Title III Title II, Supporting Effective Instruction Federal Aviation Administration Grant Air Force JROTC DHEC Nurse Retention Bonus Medicaid Risk Control Grant Donations Extended School Year SAM Contribution Donations Clemson Heroes Lenovo / Erate Teen Pregnancy - Mary Black OAH Bosch Grant Teacher forum Fine Arts Center
District Subfund Code	210 2218 221 222 237 237 264 277 277 291 293 803 806 810 812 813 815 819 816 817
Other Designated Restricted State Grants	Arts Commission Education License Plates Child Early Reading Development and Education Program (CERDEP) EEDA Career Specialists Reaching Coaches PEBA Nonemployer Contributions

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE NOTE TO SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SPECIAL PROJECTS SUMMARY SCHEDULE FOR DESIGNATED STATE RESTRICTED GRANTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	<b>T</b> . 0		ı	•	ı	٠	•	1	١
	Unearned Revenue		₩						↔
ne	Other fund Transfers In(Out)		1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	'
Reven	ŏ⊢		s						↔
Special Revenue	Interfund Transfers In(Out)	(	•	1	1	ı	•	ı	1
			8						↔
	Expenditures		702	10,871	54,822	467,526	2,500	15,626	552,047
	Ë		↔						↔
	Revenues		702	10,871	54,822	467,526	2,500	15,626	552,047
	Re		↔						↔
	Description		Education License Plates	CERDEP	EEDA Career Specialists	Reaching Coaches	Arts Commission	PEBA Nonemployer Contributions	
	Revenue		3193	3134	3118	3135	3999	3994	
	Sub Fund		919	924	928	935	818	994	

### SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### **REVENUES**

3500 Education Improvement Act       \$ 17,288         3502 ADEPT       \$ 17,288         3503 State Aid to Classrooms       8,588,620         3518 Adoption List of Formative Assessment       72,659         3519 Grade 10 Assessments       4,113
3503 State Aid to Classrooms 8,588,620 3518 Adoption List of Formative Assessment 72,659
3518 Adoption List of Formative Assessment 72,659
·
3519 Grade 10 Assessments 4 113
7,110
3526 Refurbishment of Science Kits 257,939
3528 Industry Certifications/Credentials 10,209
3529 Career and Technical Education 233,034
3532 National Board Salary Supplement (No Carryover Provision) 602,127
3533 Teacher of the Year Award (No Carryover Provision) 10,765
3541 Child Early Reading Development and Education Program (CERDEP) - Full Day 4K 408,680
3557 Summer Reading Program 56,925
3577 Teacher Supplies (No Carryover Provision) 272,650
3595 EEDA - Supplies and Materials 32,017
3599 Other EIA 1,500
Total State Sources 10,568,526
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES 10,568,526
EXPENDITURES
EXI ENDITORES
100 INSTRUCTION
110 General Instruction
111 Kindergarten Programs
100 Salaries 15,000
200 Employee Benefits 4,761
112 Primary Programs
100 Salaries 192,500
200 Employee Benefits 58,310
300 Purchased Services 16,795
400 Supplies and Materials 233,599
113 Elementary Programs
100 Salaries 120,000
200 Employee Benefits 37,946
300 Purchased Services 27,991
400 Supplies and Materials 219,477
114 High School Programs
100 Salaries 95,000
200 Employee Benefits 30,005
300 Purchased Services 27,873
400 Supplies and Materials 77,513

### SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

115 Career and Technical Education Programs	
100 Salaries	7,500
200 Employee Benefits	2,390
300 Purchased Services (Other than Tuition)	10,209
400 Supplies and Materials	31,909
500 Capital Outlay	138,314
116 Career and Technical Education (Vocational) Programs - Middle School	45.000
400 Supplies and Materials 127 Learning Disabilities	15,833
100 Salaries	15,000
200 Employee Benefits	4,743
200 Employee Benefits	1,7 10
140 Special Programs	
141 Gifted and Talented Academic	
300 Purchased Services	3,159
143 Advanced Placement	
300 Purchased Services	280
147 CERDEP 100 Salaries	260 560
	268,569 140,111
200 Employee Benefits	140,111
170 Summer School Programs	
171 Primary Summer School	
100 Salaries	30,968
200 Employee Benefits	10,254
400 Supplies and Materials	15,703
Total Instruction	1,851,712
200 SUPPORT SERVICES	
210 Pupil Service	
212 Guidance Services	
100 Salaries	39,987
200 Employee Benefits	12,541
300 Purchased Services	23,424
400 Supplies and Materials	9,267
224 Improvement of Instruction Inservice and Staff Training	
100 Salaries	19,980
200 Employee Benefits	6,444
300 Purchased Services	15,234
400 Supplies and Materials	1,317
Total Support Services	128,194
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,979,906

### SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)**

Interfund Transfers, from (to) Other Funds 420-710 Transfer to General Fund (Excludes Indirect Costs)	(8,588,620)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(8,588,620)
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	-
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2023	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2024	\$ -

### SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT SUMMARY SCHEDULE BY PROGRAM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Program	F	Revenues	Ех	penditures	Other Fund Transfers In/(Out)	_	nearned Sevenue
3500 Education Improvement Act							
3502 ADEPT	\$	17,288	\$	17,288	\$ -	\$	-
3503 State Aid to Classrooms		8,588,620		-	(8,588,620)		-
3518 Adoption List of Formative Assessment		72,659		72,659	-		33,958
3519 Grade 10 Assessments		4,113		4,113	-		-
3526 Refurbishment of Science Kits		257,939		257,939	-		39,972
3528 Industry Certifications/Credentials		10,209		10,209	-		9,912
3529 Career and Technology Education		233,034		233,034	-		68,675
3532 National Board Salary Supplement		602,127		602,127	-		-
3533 Teacher of the Year Award		10,765		10,765	-		-
3541 CERDEP		408,680		408,680	-		-
3557 Summer Reading Program		56,925		56,925	-		131,868
3577 Teacher Supplies		272,650		272,650	-		-
3595 EEDA - Supplies and Materials		32,017		32,017	-		14,740
3599 Other EIA		1,500		1,500			
Totals	\$	10,568,526	\$	1,979,906	\$ (8,588,620)	\$	299,125

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - FOOD SERVICE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### **REVENUES**

1000 Revenue From Local Sources 1600 Food Service	
1610 Lunch Sales to Pupils	\$ 235,608
1620 Breakfast Sales to Pupils	44,784
1630 Special Sales to Pupils	73,979
1640 Lunch Sales to Adults	25,776
1650 Breakfast Sales to Adults	254
1660 Special Sales to Adults	 15,699
Total Local Revenue	 396,100
4000 Revenue from Federal Sources	
4800 USDA Reimbursement	
4810 School Lunch and After School Snack Program, and Special Milk Program	3,874,872
4820 Supply Chain Assistance Funding	252,706
4830 School Breakfast Program (Carryover Provision)	1,133,444
4899 Miscellaneous Food Service	18,175
4900 Other Federal Sources	
4991 USDA Commodities (Food Distribution Program) (Carryover Provision)	340,773
4999 Revenue from Other Federal Sources	 68,620
Total Federal Sources	 5,688,590
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	 6,084,690
EXPENDITURES	
200 SUPPORT SERVICES 250 Finance and Operations Services	
256 Food Services	
300 Purchased Services (Excludes Energy Costs)	5,150,140
400 Supplies and Materials (Included Energy Costs)	584,433
500 Capital Outlay	30,413
600 Other Objects	 1,744
Total Support Services	5,766,730
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 5,766,730

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - FOOD SERVICE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)

5300 Sales of Fixed Assets	321
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 321
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	318,281
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2023	 975,705
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2024	\$ 1,293,986

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### **REVENUES**

1000 Revenue From Local Sources 1100 Taxes Levied/Assessed by the LEA 1110 Ad Valorem Taxes - Including Delinquent (Independent)	\$	13,334,885
1200 Revenue from Local Government Units Other than LEAs 1280 Revenue In Lieu of Taxes (Independent and Dependent)	·	5,852,161
1500 Earnings on Investments 1510 Interest on Investments		356,888
Total Local Revenue		19,543,934
3000 Revenue from State Sources 3800 State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes 3820 Homestead Exemption (Tier 2) 3830 Merchant's Inventory Tax 3840 Manufacturers Depreciation Reimbursement 3890 Other State Property Tax Revenues (includes Motor Carrier Vehicle Tax)		289,833 10,569 773,624 125,477
Total State Sources		1,199,503
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES		20,743,437
EXPENDITURES		
500 DEBT SERVICE 610 Redemption of Principal 620 Interest 690 Other Objects (Includes Fees for Servicing Bonds)		13,140,000 8,697,965 7,513
Total Debt Service Expenditures		21,845,478
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		21,845,478
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(1,102,041)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2023		17,061,500
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2024	\$	15,959,459

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### **REVENUES**

1000 Revenue From Local Sources 1500 Earnings on Investments	
1510 Interest on Investments	\$ 3,492,055
Total Local Revenue	3,492,055
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	 3,492,055
EXPENDITURES	
200 SUPPORT SERVICES 250 Finance and Operations Services	
253 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 500 Capital Outlay	4,880,357 1,305,196
510 Land 520 Construction Services 530 Improvements Other Than Buildings 540 Equipment	259,977 92,767,046 948,660 2,712,101
560 Library Books and Materials 254 Operations and Maintenance of Plant 300 Purchased Services 321 Public Utility Services (Exclude Gas, Oil, Electric & Other Heating Fuels) 400 Supplies and Materials 258 Security	330,974 133,579 1,662 395
500 Capital Outlay	276,261
260 Central Support Services	
266 Technology and Data Processing Services 400 Supplies and Materials 500 Capital Outlay	82,821 730,254
Total Support Services	 104,429,283
<b>500 DEBT SERVICE</b> 690 Other Objects (Includes Fees for Servicing Bonds)	646,113
Total Debt Service Expenditures	 646,113
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	105,075,396

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)**

5100 Sale of Bonds 5110 Premium on Bonds Sold 5120 Proceeds of General Obligation Bonds	7,390,784 95,000,000
Interfund Transfers, from (to) Other Funds 5210 Transfer from General Fund (Excludes Indirect Costs)	24,840,400
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	127,231,184
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	25,647,843
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2023	120,608,232
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2024	\$ 146,256,075

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE DETAILED SCHEDULE OF DUE TO S.C. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION/FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Program	Project Grant Number	Revenue & Subfund Codes	Description	Amount Due to SCDE/ Federal	Status of Amounts Due To Grantors
Due to State Department of Educa	ation_				
Grade 10 Assessments National Board Salary Supplement	EIA EIA	3519/319 3532/332	Unspent funds Unspent funds	\$ 12,249.30 4,335.15 16,584.45	Unpaid Unpaid
<b>Due to Federal Government</b>					
None					
				-	
Total Due to State Department of Education or Federal Government				\$ 16,584.45	

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE LOCATION RECONCILIATION SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Location ID	Location Description	Education Level	Cost Type	E	Total xpenditures
000	Districtwide	Non-School	Central	\$	83,323,957
043	J.F. Byrnes High School	High School	School		49,519,665
045	D.R. Hill Middle School	Middle School	School		8,613,474
046	Duncan Elementary	Elementary School	School		10,797,349
049	Reidville Elementary	Elementary School	School		9,333,934
052	Wellford Academy	Elementary School	School		33,805,953
089	Beech Springs Intermediate	Elementary School	School		20,561,581
090	River Ridge Elementary	Elementary School	School		9,060,139
091	Berry Shoals Intermediate School	Elementary School	School		12,072,137
092	Florence Chapel Middle School	Middle School	School		9,272,930
093	Freshman Academy	High School	School		7,049,494
094	Abner Creek Academy	Elementary School	School		8,521,399
095	Lyman Elementary	Elementary School	School		8,632,688
Total Expenditures/Disbursements for All Funds					270,564,700

The Above Expenditures are Reconciled to the District's Expenditures as Follows:

Fund		Amount		
General Fund	\$	122,154,919		
Special Revenue Fund - Special Projects		13,742,271		
Special Revenue Fund - Education Improvement Act		1,979,906		
Special Revenue Fund - Food Service		5,766,730		
Debt Service Fund		21,845,478		
Capital Projects Fund		105,075,396		
Total Expenditures/Disbursements for All Funds	\$	270,564,700		

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees of Spartanburg County School District Five Duncan, South Carolina

### Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Spartanburg County School District Five ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2024.

### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

To the Board of Trustees of Spartanburg County School District Five Page Two

Halliday, Schnartz 4 Co.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Spartanburg, South Carolina

November 15, 2024



### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees of Spartanburg County School District Five Duncan, South Carolina

Independent Auditor's Report

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Spartanburg County School District Five's (the District's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Spartanburg County School District Five complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

To the Board of Trustees of Spartanburg County School District Five Page Two

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
  design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
  over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
  on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Spartanburg, South Carolina

Halliday, Schnartz & Co.

November 15, 2024

### SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

LEA Subfund Code	Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal ALN	Pass-through Grantor's Number		Ex	penditures
	II C. Domantino and of Assistantians					
	U.S. Department of Agriculture  Pass-through S.C. Department of Education					
	State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	N/A		\$	18,175
	Child Nutrition Cluster					
	Non-Cash Assistance:					
	Pass-through S.C. Department of Agriculture					
600	National School Lunch Program	10.555	Local Food for Schools	\$ 5,695		
	Pass-through S.C. Department of Education					
600	National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	329,505		
	Total Non-Cash Assistance:				\$	335,200
	Cash Assistance:					
600	School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	1,133,444		
600	COVID 19: National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	252,706		
600	National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	3,874,872		
	Total Cash Assistance:					5,261,022
	Total Child Nutrition Cluster					5,596,222
	Non-Cash Assistance:					
600	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	N/A	5,573		
	Pass-through S.C. Department of Social Services					
	Cash Assistance:					
600	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	205SC329N2020	68,620		74,193
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					5,688,590
	U.S. Department of Education					
	Pass-through S.C. Department of Education	<u></u>				
201	Title I , Regular	84.010	24 Title I, Regular	1,393,301		
201	Title I , Regular	84.010	23 Title I, Regular	216,697		
201	Title I , Regular	84.010	22 Title I, Regular	285		
237	Title I, Targeted School Improvement	84.010	24 Targ. School Impr.	57,744		
237	Title I, Targeted School Improvement	84.010	23 Targ. School Impr.	136,231		
237	Title I, Targeted School Improvement	84.010	22 Targ. School Impr.	36,968		1,841,226
000	Special Education Cluster	04.007	04 IDEA	4 500 054		
203	Individuals With Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)	84.027	24 IDEA	1,593,351		
203	Individuals With Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)	84.027	23 IDEA	773,433		
203	Individuals With Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)	84.027	22 IDEA	2,017		
230	COVID 19: IDEA	84.027X	22 ARP - IDEA	36,672		
807	Extended School Year	84.027	ESY	3,120		
205	IDEA Preschool Grants	84.173	24 IDEA Preschool	67,770		
205	IDEA Preschool Grants	84.173	23 IDEA Preschool	1,140		0 477 500
	Total Special Education Cluster					2,477,503
207	CATE (Subprogram 1)	84.048	24 CTE Federal	41,757		
207	CATE (Subprogram 4)	84.048	24 CTE Federal	17,620		
207	CATE (Subprogram 6)	84.048	24 CTE Federal	36,776		
207	CATE (Subprogram 11)	84.048	24 CTE Federal	4,278		
208	CATE (Subprogram 6)	84.048	23 CTE Federal	5,883		106,314
210	Student Support and Academic Enrichment, Title IV	84.424	24 Title IV	102,184		
210	Student Support and Academic Enrichment, Title IV	84.424	23 Title IV	7,409		
210	Student Support and Academic Enrichment, Title IV	84.424	22 Title IV	12,630		122,223
	•					•

### SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

LEA Subfund Code	Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal ALN	Pass-through Grantor's Number		Expenditures
	U.S. Department of Education - Continued				
	Pass-through S.C. Department of Education - Continued				
264	Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient				
	and Immigrant Students, Title III	84.365	24 Title III	45,766	
264	Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient				
	and Immigrant Students, Title III	84.365	23 Title III	3,227	
264	Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient				
004	and Immigrant Students, Title III	84.365	23 Title III-Immigrant	4,830	
264	Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient	04.005	00 T'' III	0.005	
004	and Immigrant Students, Title III	84.365	22 Title III	2,965	
264	Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient	04.265	22 Title III Immigrant	2.464	E0 240
	and Immigrant Students, Title III	84.365	22 Title III-Immigrant	2,461	59,249
267	Supporting Effective Instruction, Title II	84.367	24 Title II	231,929	
267	Supporting Effective Instruction, Title II	84.367	23 Title II	19,125	
267	Supporting Effective Instruction, Title II	84.367	22 Title II	19,462	270,516
				•	
225	COVID 19: Elementary and Secondary School				
	Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)	84.425D	21 ESSER II	3,107	
218	COVID 19: Elementary and Secondary School				
	Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)	84.425U	21 ESSER III - ARP	3,982,925	
263	COVID 19: Elementary and Secondary School	04.40=11			0.004.400
	Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)	84.425U	22 ARP - Homeless II	8,151	3,994,183
	Total U.S. Department of Education				8,871,214
	U.S. Department of Defense				
	Direct Program				
277	ROTC	12.000	N/A		101,001
	Total U.S. Department of Defense				101,001
	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
	Pass-through S.C. Department of Health & Environmental Control	al.			
	COVID-19: Public Health Emergency Respones:				
291	Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response	93.354	ER-3-414		33,645
	, , , ,				<del></del>
	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				33,645
	Federal Aviation Administration				
274	Direct Program Aviation Workforce Development Grant (Aircraft Pilots)	20.111	N/A		6,222
214	Aviation vvoikiore bevelopment Grant (Aliciait Filots)	20.111	IN/A		0,222
	Total U.S. Department of Defense				6,222
	Total Federal Financial Assistance Expended				\$ 14,700,672

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity for the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Spartanburg County School District Five and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- B. The District has elected to not use the de minimis 10% indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 20	23:	
Financial Statement Findings None.	<b>:</b> :	
Federal Award Findings and None.	Questioned Costs:	

# SPARTANBURG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIVE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024:

<u>Financial Statements</u>		
Type of Auditor's Report Issued:	Unmodified	<u> </u>
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:		
Material Weakness(es) Identified?	YesX	No
Significant Deficiencies Identified That Are Not Considered to be Material Weaknesses?	YesX	None Reported
Noncompliance Material to Financial Statements Noted	YesX	No
Federal Awards		
Internal Control Over Major Programs:		
Material Weakness(es) Identified?	YesX	No
Significant Deficiencies Identified That Are Not Considered to be Material Weaknesses?	YesX	None Reported
Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance For Major Federal Programs	Unmodified	
Any Audit Findings Disclosed That Are Required to be Reported in Accordance with 2 CFR Part 200?	YesX	No
Identification of Major Federal Programs:		
Federal Program(s) or Cluster(s)	CFDA Number(s)	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)	84.027, 84.173 84.425	
Dollar Threshold Used to Distinguish Between Type A and Type B Programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee Qualified as Low-Risk Auditee?	XYes	No
Section II - Financial Statement Findings		
None		
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs		
None		